



Onsite Quality Control Solutions Sample Set

Helping The Best Build Better

vec-us.com





PROJECT DATA AT YOUR FINGERTIPS

Fast and seamless BIM model verification for consistency, accuracy, and compliance with project requirements

Code Requirements

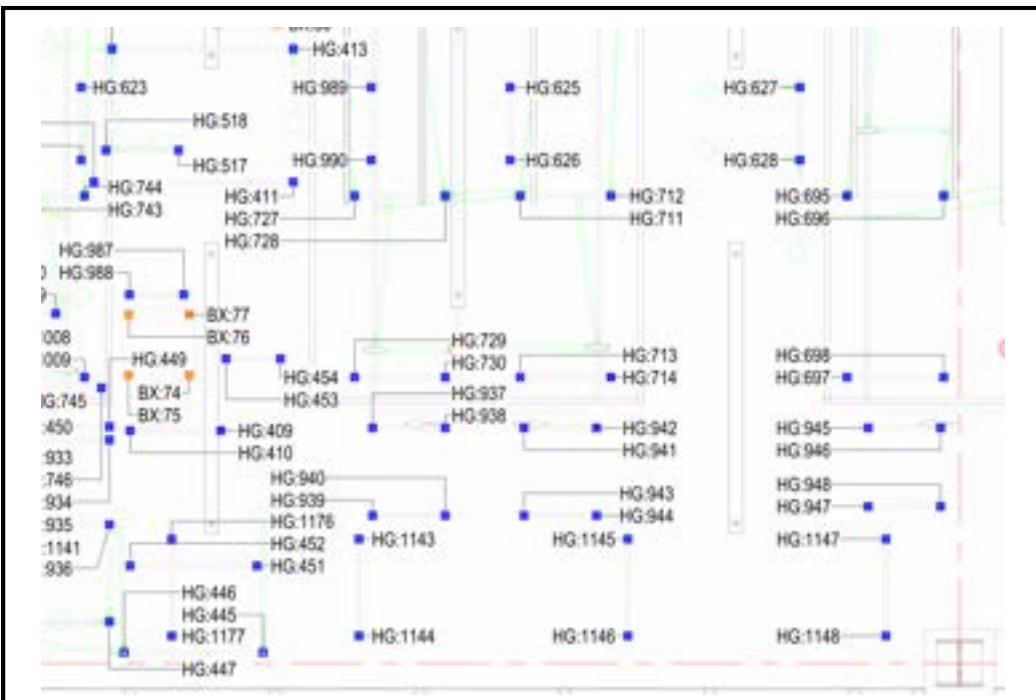
The National Electrical Code (NEC) does not explicitly forbid 90-degree bends, but it does limit the total number of equivalent bends in a conduit run between pull points. Specifically, NEC 344.26 and other similar sections for different conduit types (like FMC, LFMC, etc.) state that there shall not be more than the equivalent of four quarter bends (360 degrees total) between pull points like conduit bodies and boxes. This means you can have more than 90-degree bends, but the total number of bends cannot exceed the equivalent of four 90-degree bends in a single run.



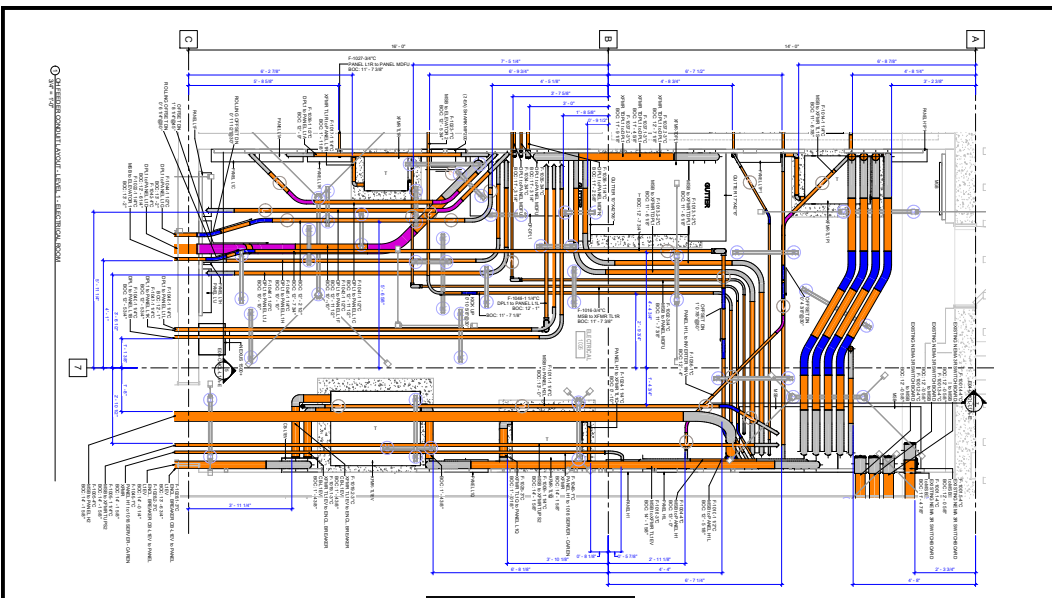
Conduit Specifications

ELECTRICAL CONDUIT DIMENSIONS								
EMT			IMC			RIGID		
NOMINAL TRADE SIZE	OUTSIDE DIAMETER	WALL THICKNESS	NOMINAL TRADE SIZE	OUTSIDE DIAMETER	WALL THICKNESS	NOMINAL TRADE SIZE	OUTSIDE DIAMETER	WALL THICKNESS
1/2	0.706	0.042	1/2	0.815	0.070	1/2	0.840	0.104
3/4	0.922	0.049	3/4	1.029	0.075	3/4	1.050	0.107
1	1.163	0.057	1	1.029	0.085	1	1.315	0.126
1 1/4	1.510	0.065	1 1/4	1.638	0.085	1 1/4	1.660	0.133
1 1/2	1.740	0.065	1 1/2	1.883	0.090	1 1/2	1.900	0.138
2	2.197	0.065	2	2.360	0.095	2	2.375	0.146
2 1/2	2.875	0.072	2 1/2	2.857	0.130	2 1/2	2.875	0.193
3	3.500	0.072	3	3.476	0.130	3	3.500	0.250

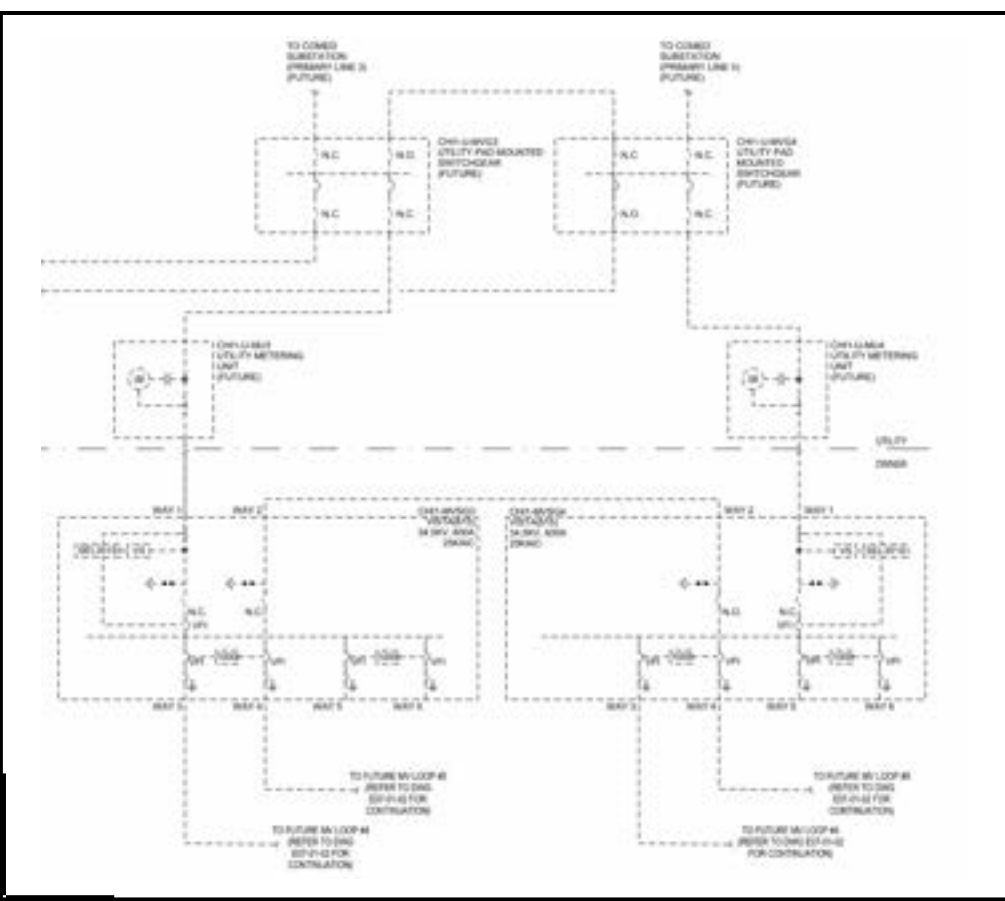
Trimble Point Layout



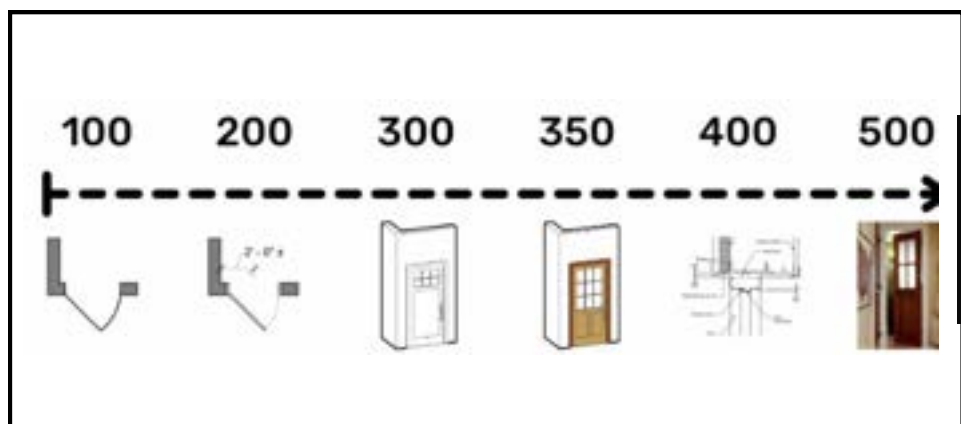
Installation Drawing



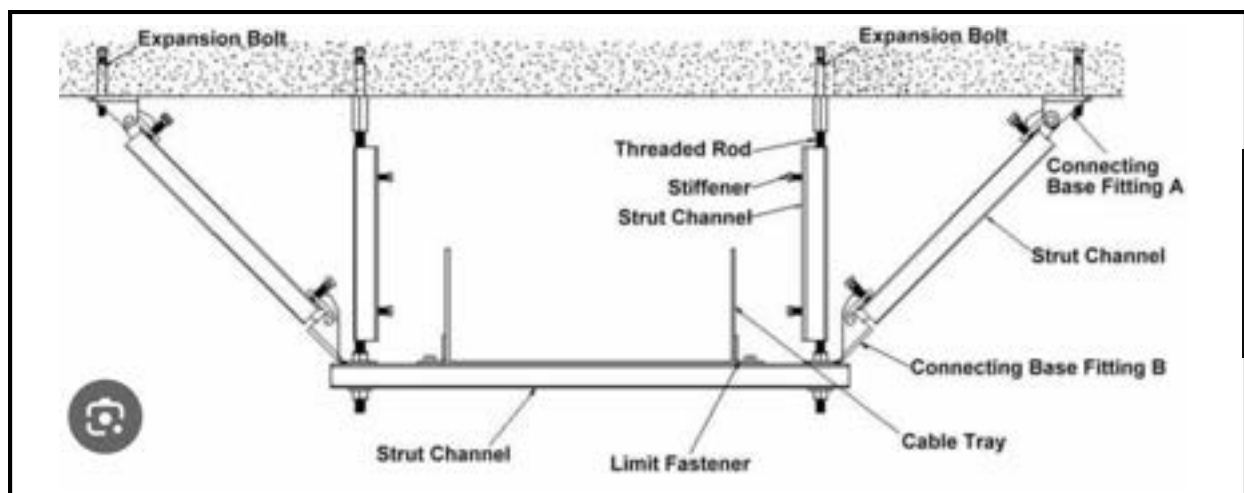
Single-line Diagram



Level of Development



Seismic Details



Feeder Schedule

3 PH, 3 WIRE GENERAL LOADS					
FEEDER DESIGNATION	OVER-CURRENT DEVICE	CONDUCTOR (COPPER) THIN/THWN-2, XHHW-2 (NOTES 1 & 2)			CONDUIT SIZE PER SET
		SETS	PHASE	GROUND	
F20	20	1	3 # 12	# 12	3/4"
F25	25	1	3 # 10	# 10	3/4"
F30	30	1	3 # 10	# 10	3/4"
F35	35	1	3 # 8	# 10	3/4"
F40	40	1	3 # 8	# 10	3/4"
F45	45	1	3 # 6	# 10	3/4"
F50	50	1	3 # 6	# 10	3/4"
F60	60	1	3 # 4	# 10	1"
F70	70	1	3 # 4	# 8	1"
F80	80	1	3 # 3	# 8	1"
F90	90	1	3 # 2	# 8	1-1/4"
F100	100	1	3 # 1	# 8	1-1/4"
...	...	...	...	...	...

OH CONDUIT LAYOUT - LEVEL 1 - ELECTRICAL ROOM - DETAIL

BIM QA/QC Checklist for rigorous 3D model comparison against the respective drawing set with the exhaustive project data in one place



PROJECT NAME
PROJECT NUMBER
BIM QA/QC CHECKLIST

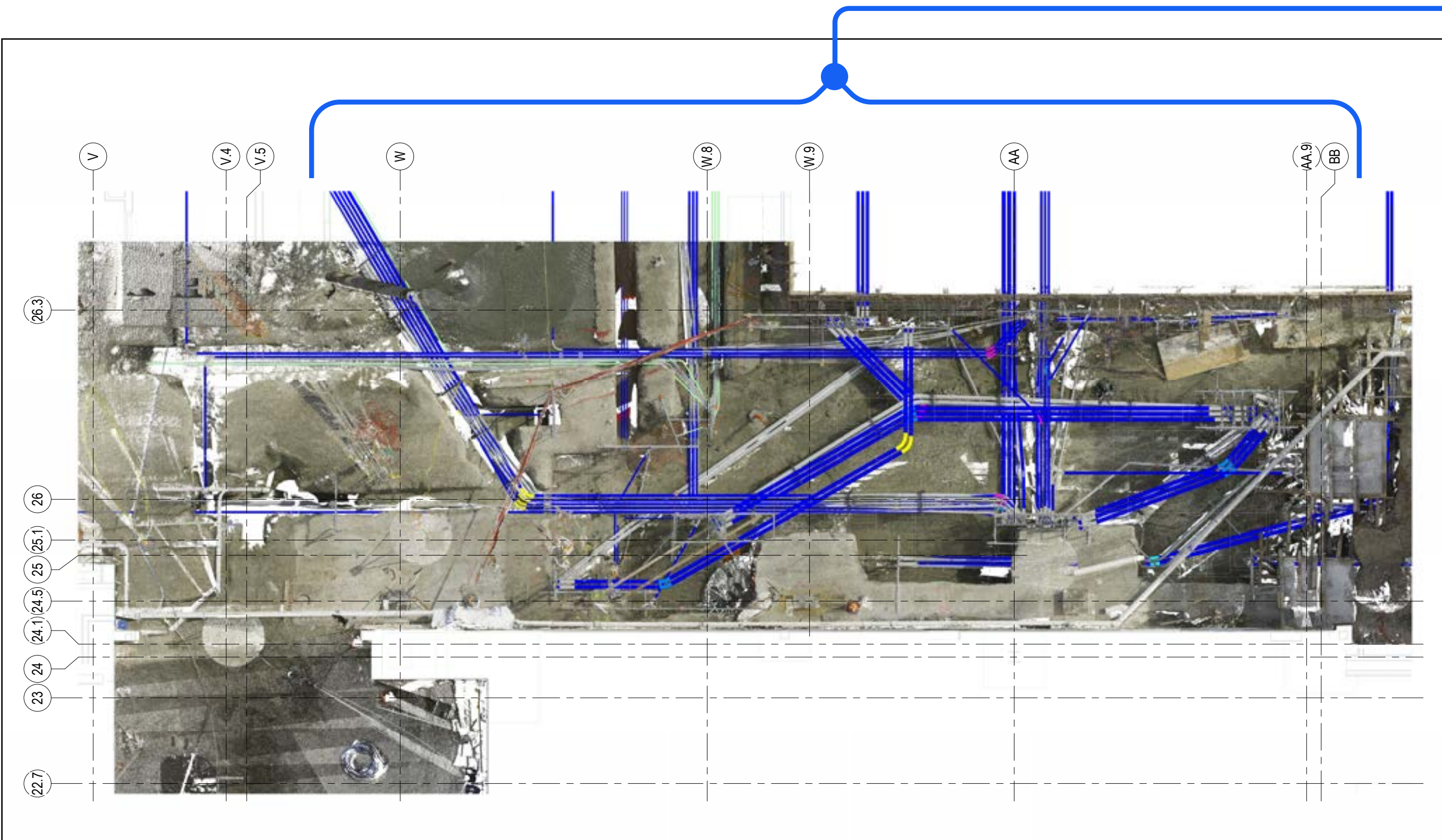
DATE:		REPORT #:		RELATED LINKS		
DISCIPLINE:				BEP	Trimble Layout	
SYSTEM:				Specifications	Shop Drawing	
LOCATION:				Submittal		
AREA:				BOM		
GENERAL CHECK				YES	NO	N/A
Visual check of the model				☐	☐	☐
Placement of origin point				☐	☐	☐
File naming convention follows BEP				☐	☐	☐
All objects tagged and using correct LOD parameter				☐	☐	☐
DESIGN CHECK				YES	NO	N/A
Verify gridlines are aligned to Architectural, Structural & Civil				☐	☐	☐
Verify Architectural and Structural building dimensions match				☐	☐	☐
Confirm specific types and required properties like object's material				☐	☐	☐
Verify project specifications are followed				☐	☐	☐
Verify against latest submittals				☐	☐	☐

Installation

Underground Utility Verification

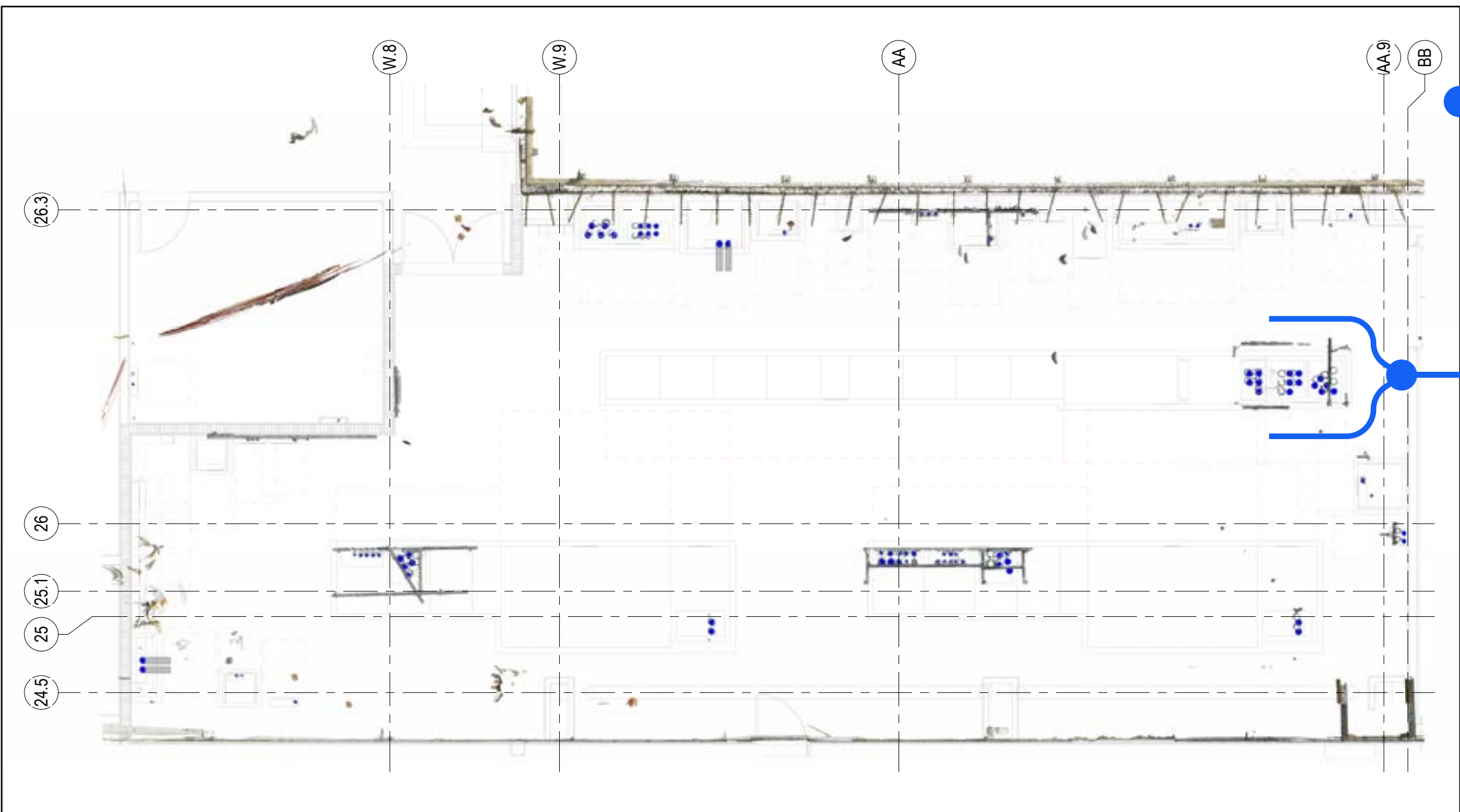
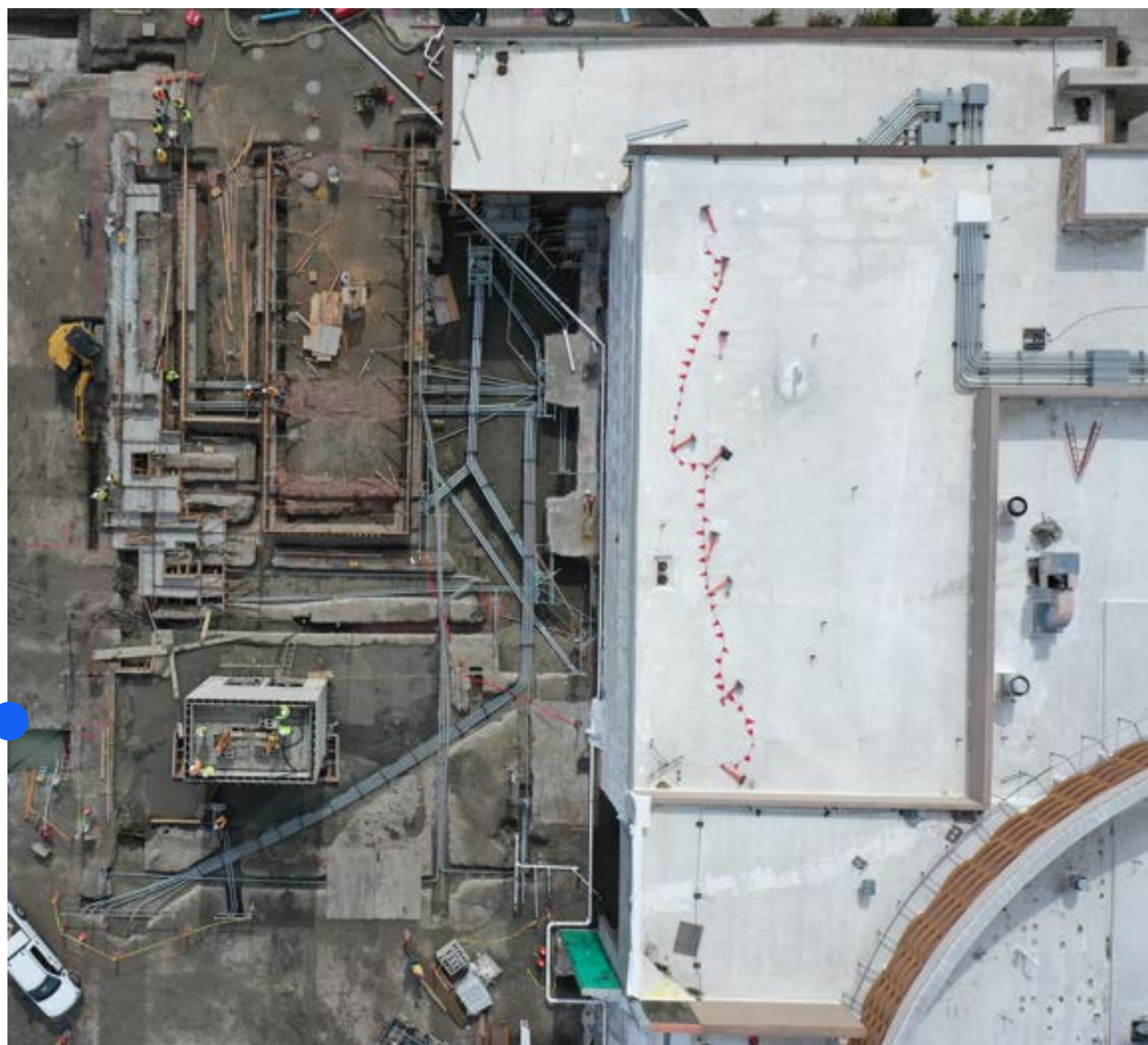


Could the stub up location issues be avoided with the Scan vs BIM approach at the initial stages of the project?



1 Underground conduit routing
shown via its 3D model overlay on site scan data

Aerial imagery for
UG utility verification

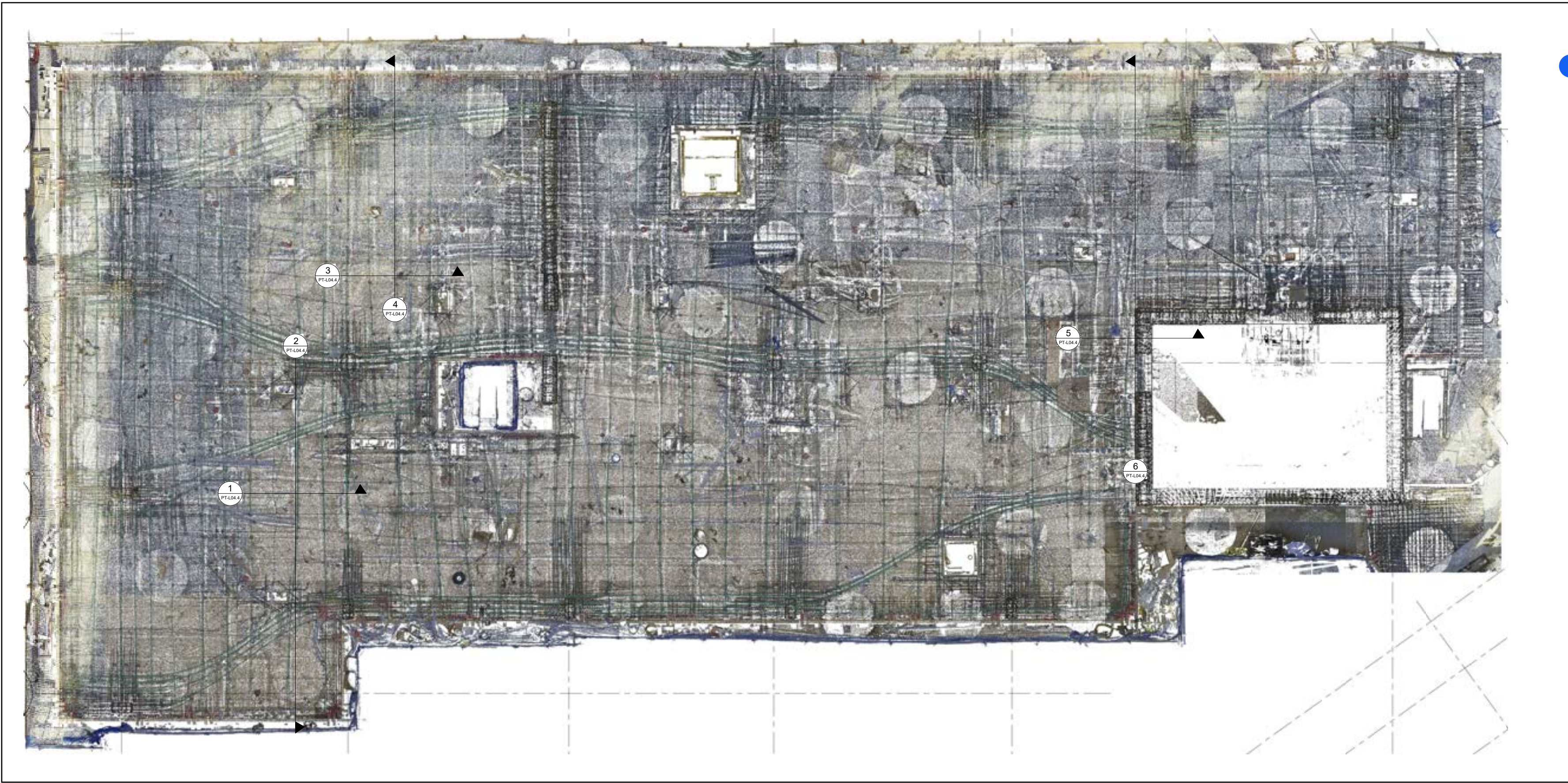


2 Cross section of all
stub up location

3 Conduit stub ups
Issues visible on the site

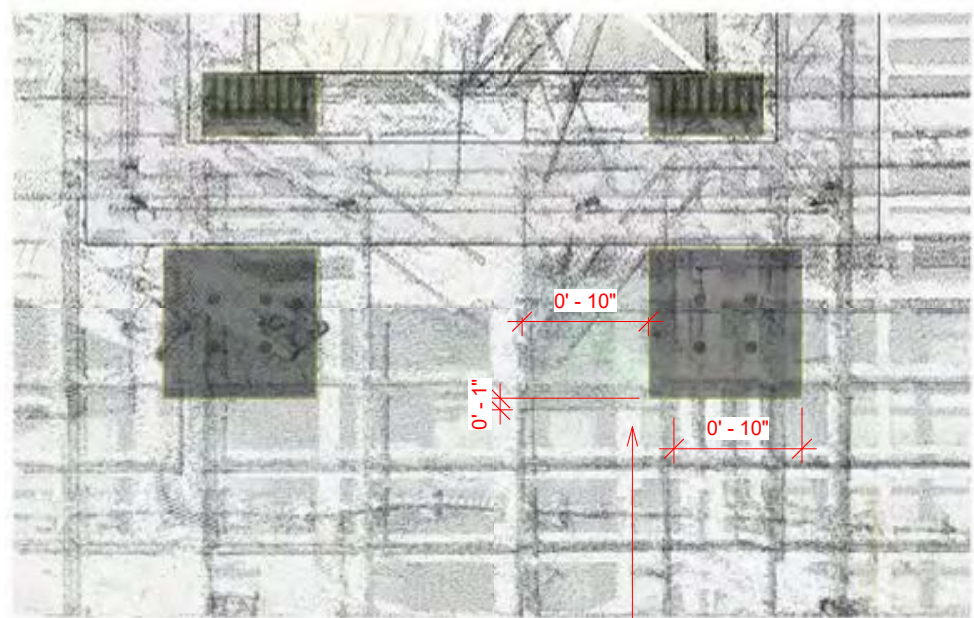
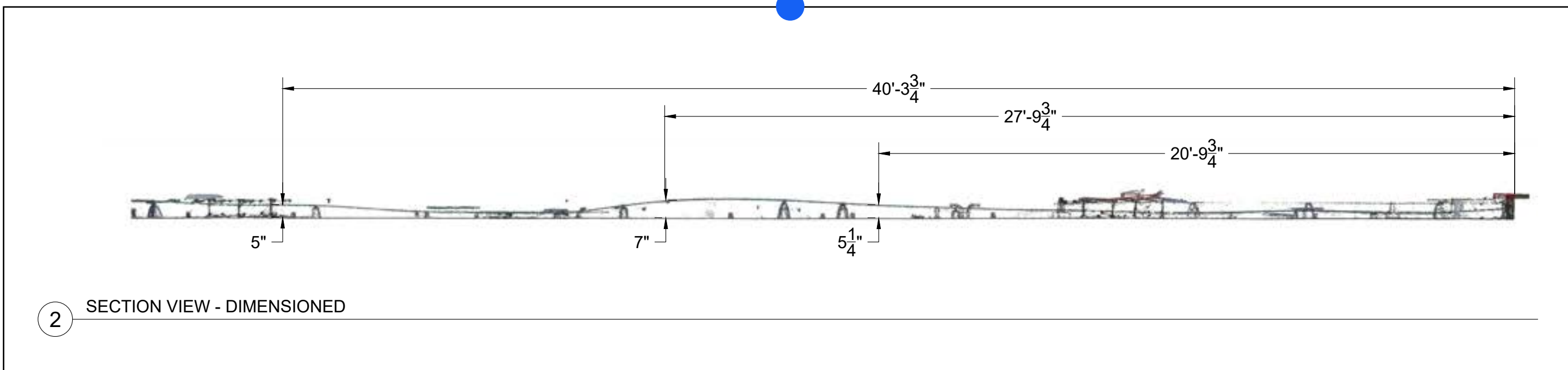


24-Hour Pre-Concealment Analysis



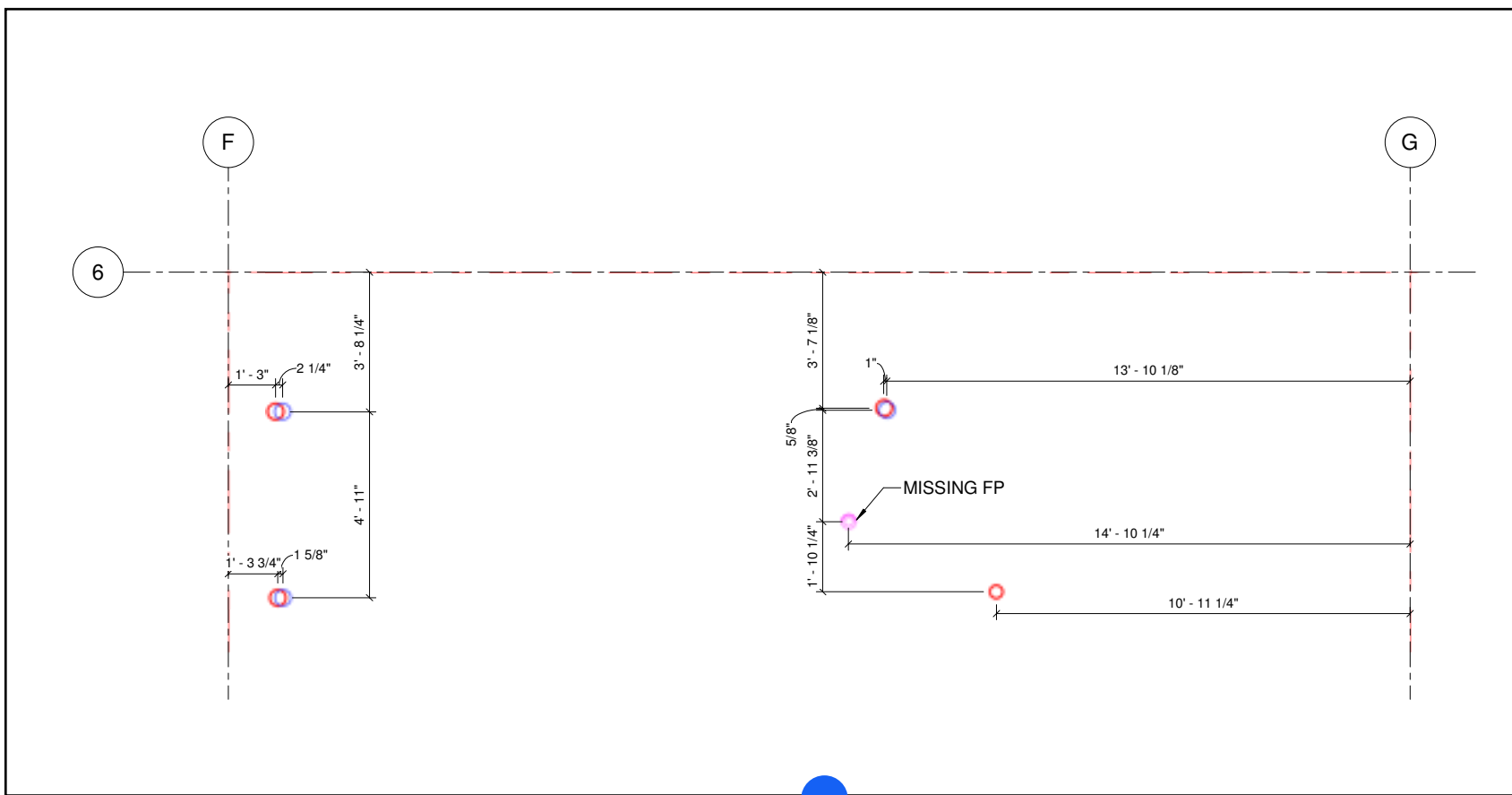
Pre-concealment jobsite scan image

PT Cable Analysis



Embed is moved 10" to North and 1" to West.

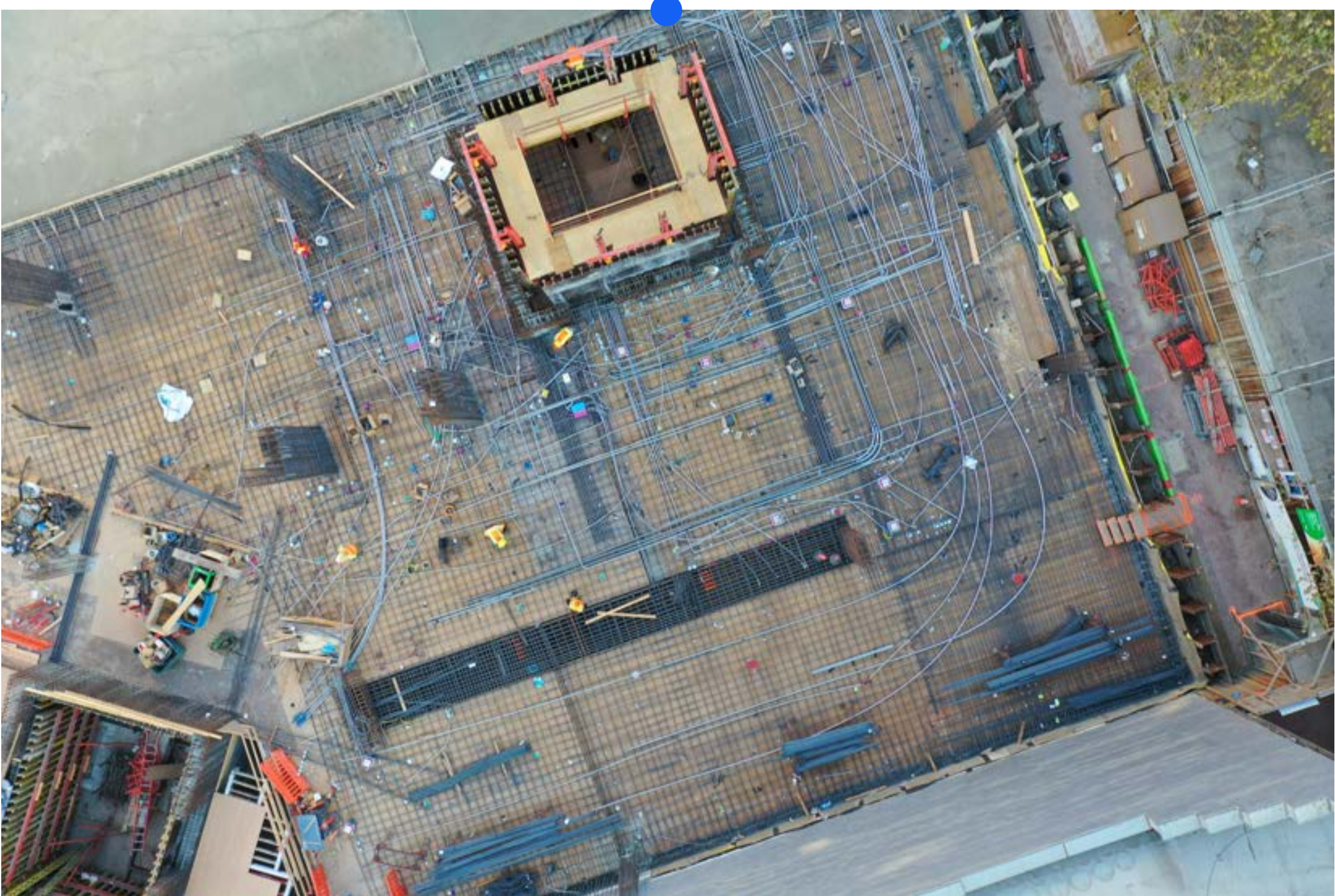
Embed Verification



Stub Up Analysis

Jobsite photo capture

Jobsite aerial capture



Avoid issues and rework with VEC's 24-hour pre-concealment analysis, which allows to make field adjustments before the elements are covered up

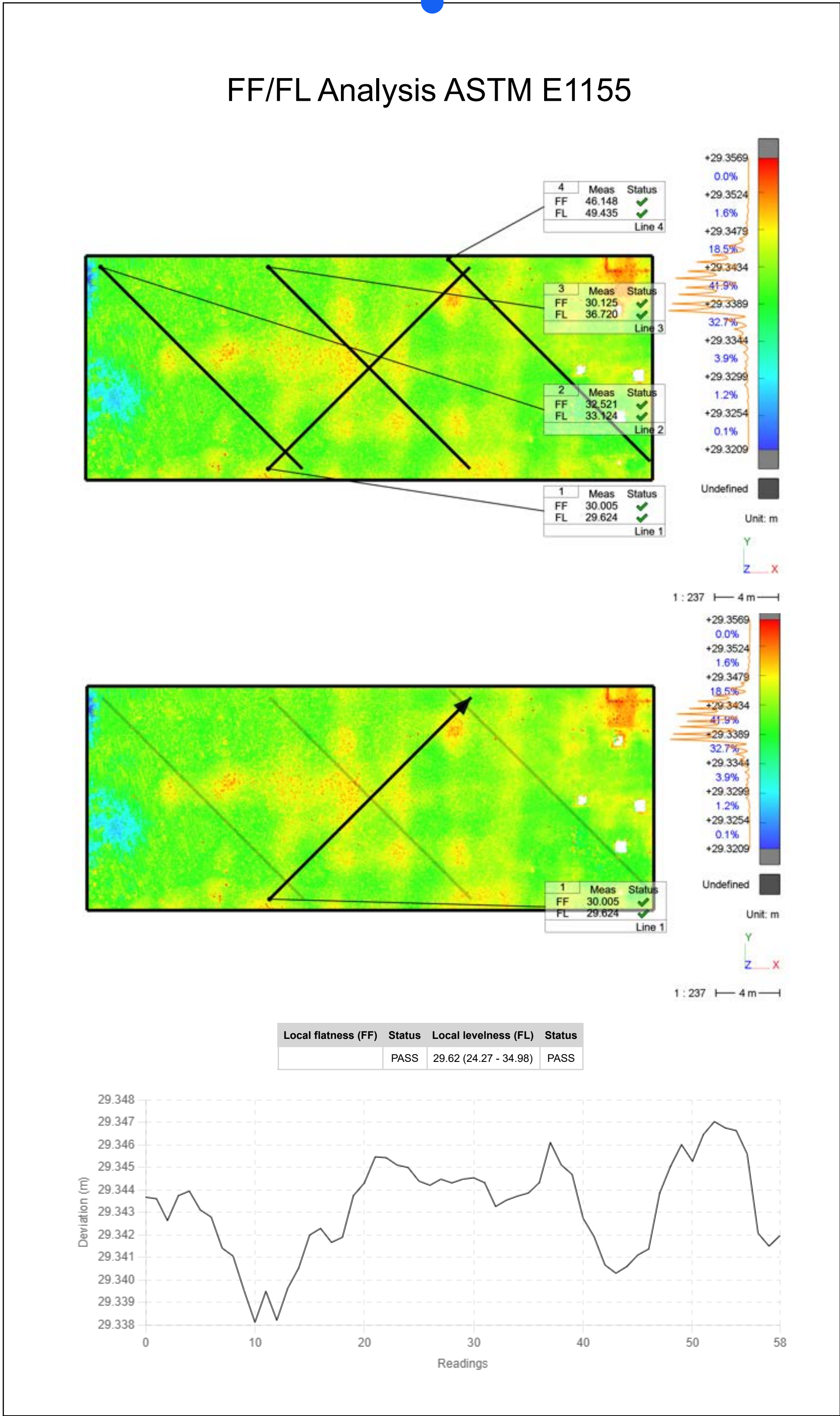
Post-Concealment Analysis



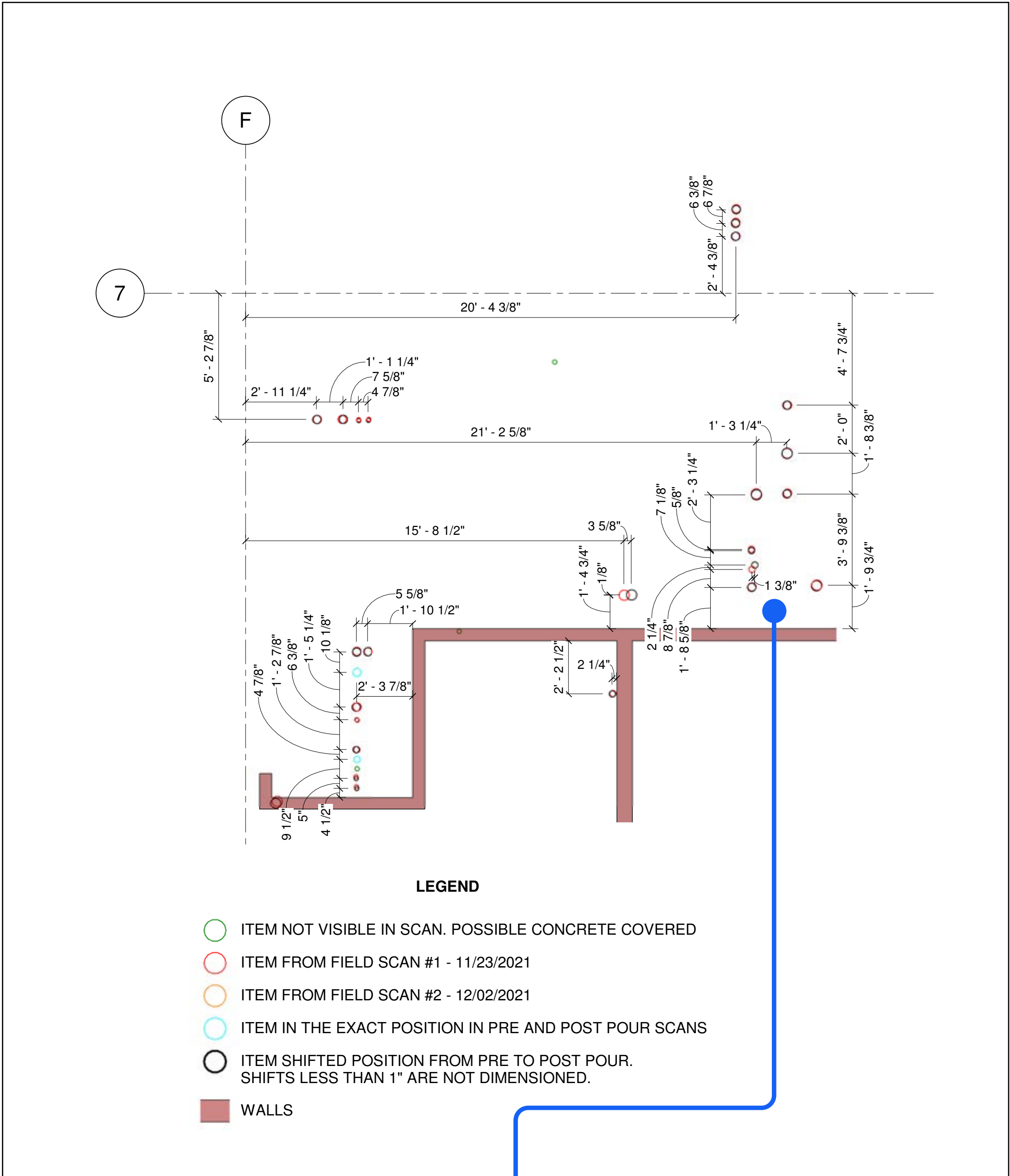
Post-pour concrete floor scanning



Post-pour concrete floor scanning heat map and FF/FL Report

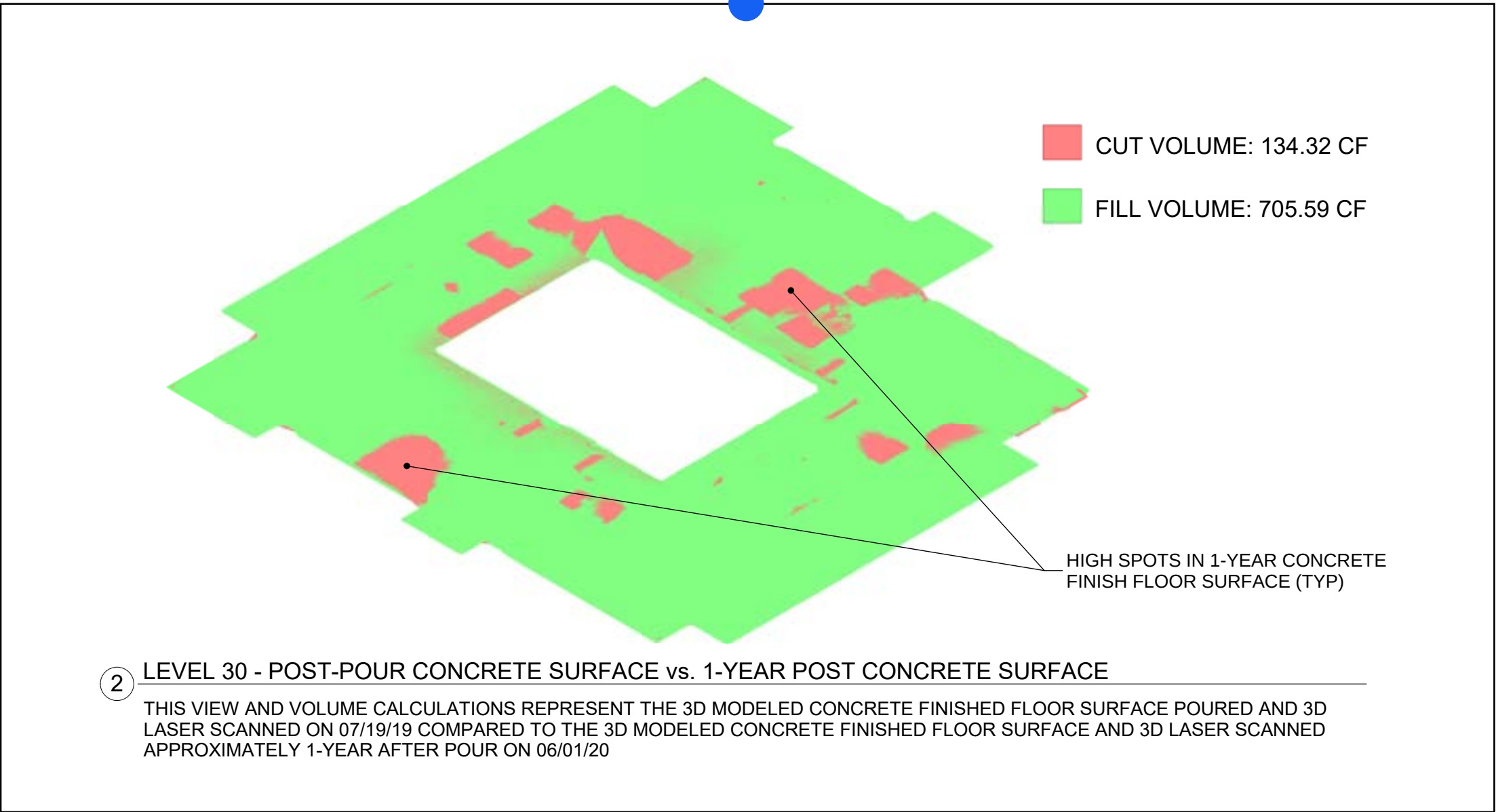
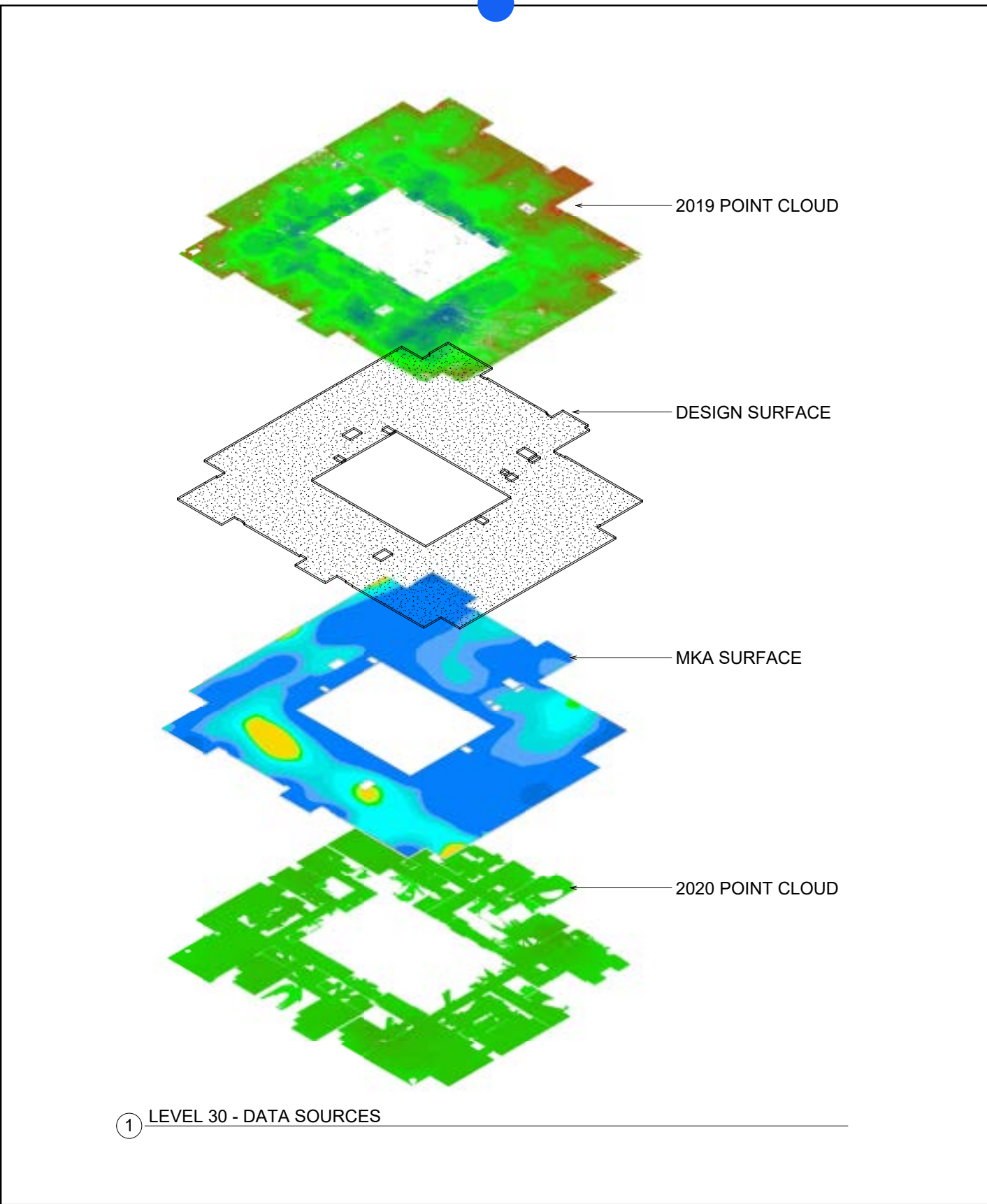


Clear and Precise Analysis of the Final Product

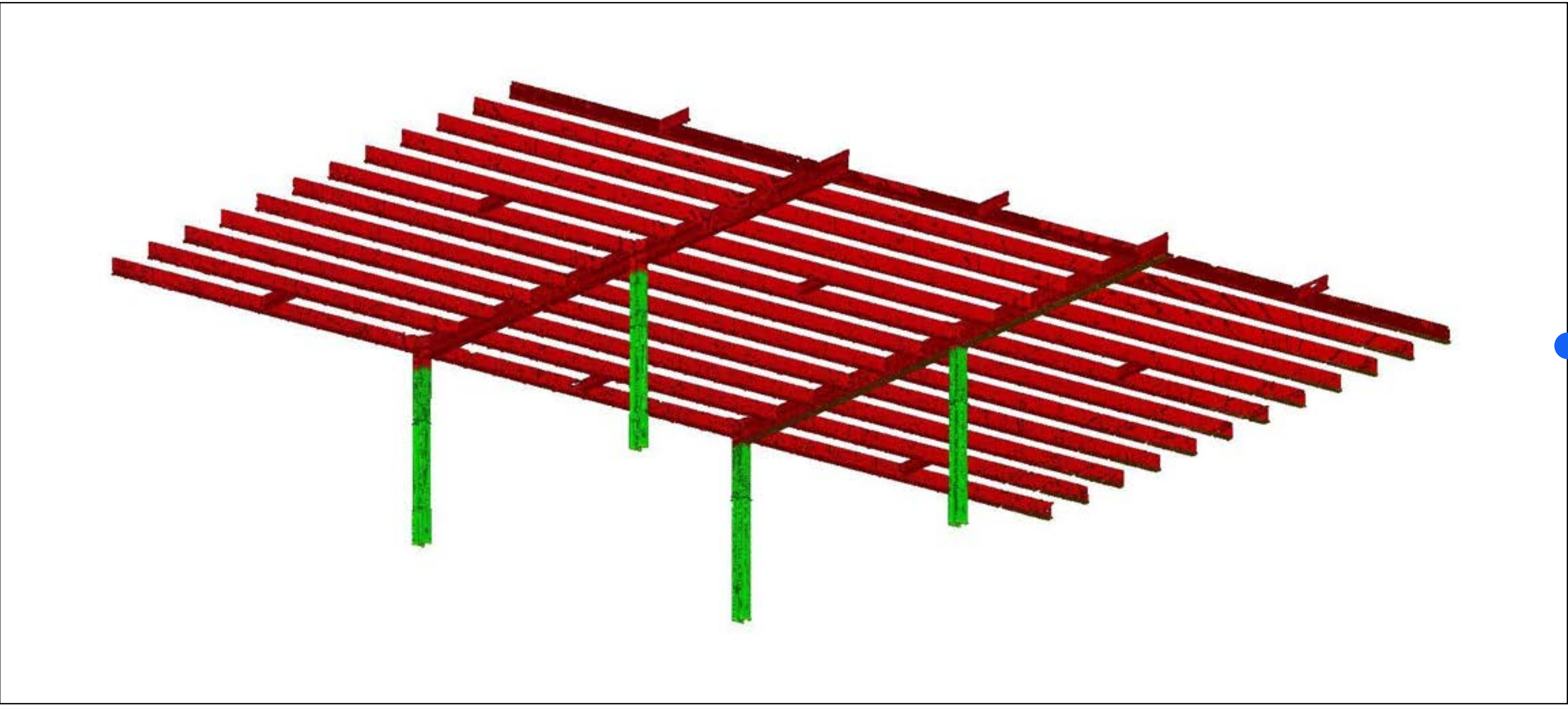


Post-pour floor analysis showing shifted stub up location

Deck deflection analysis over time

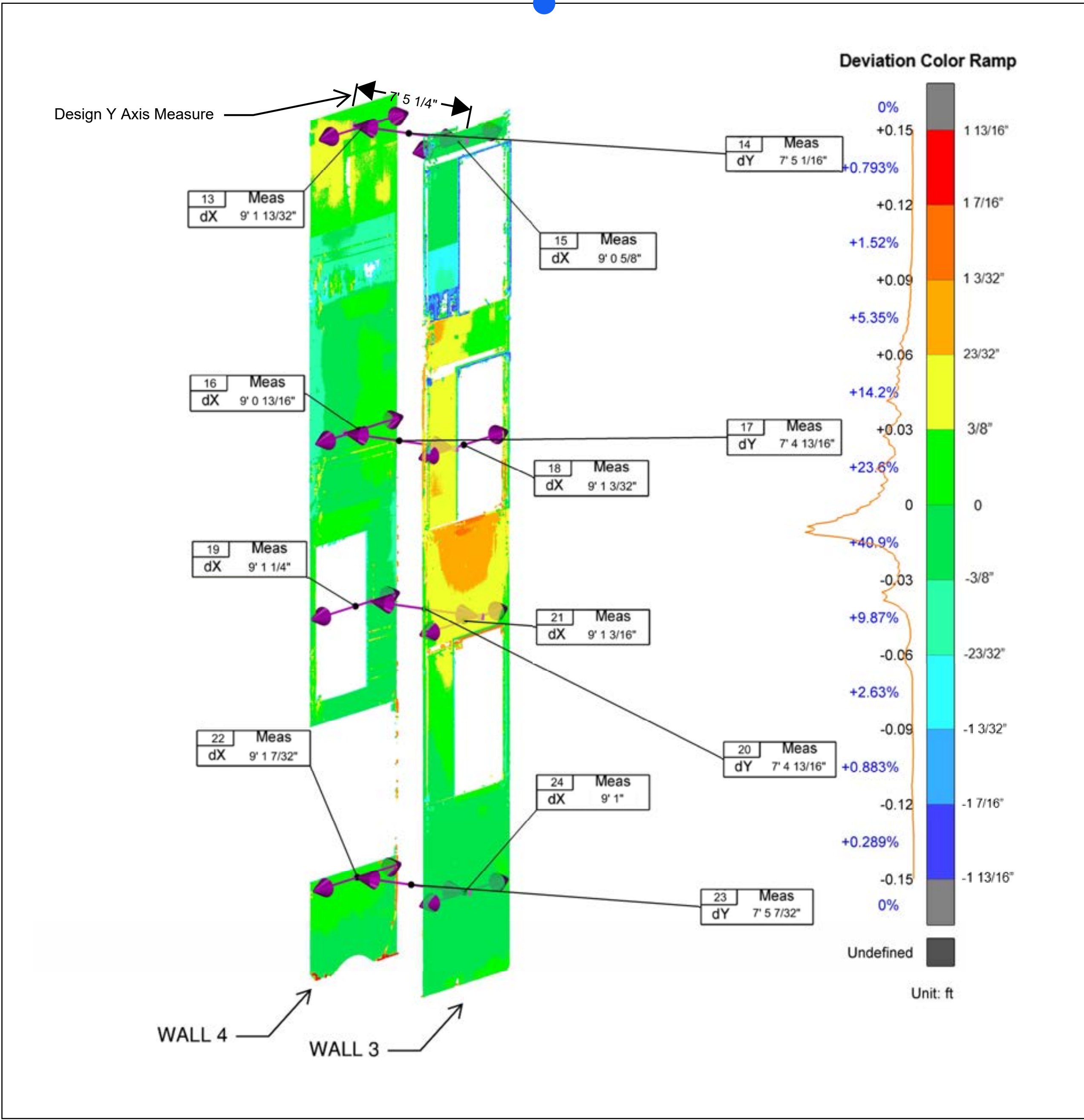


Structural beam deflection and column plumbness analysis



Ensure Structural Reliability
Leveraging BIM Data

Elevator shaft concrete plumbness analysis report



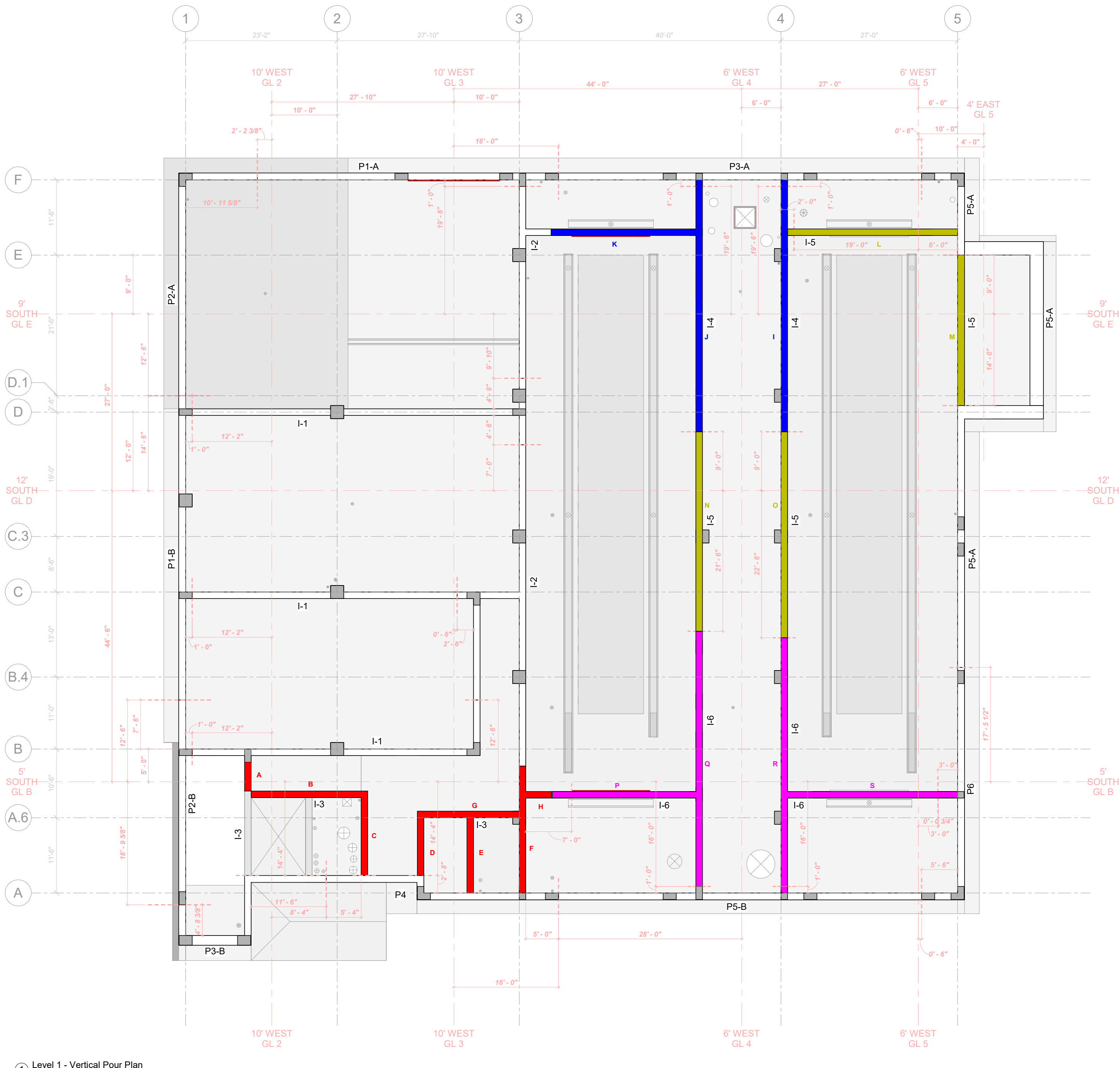
Penetrations & Openings



Organized segments of walls to analyze



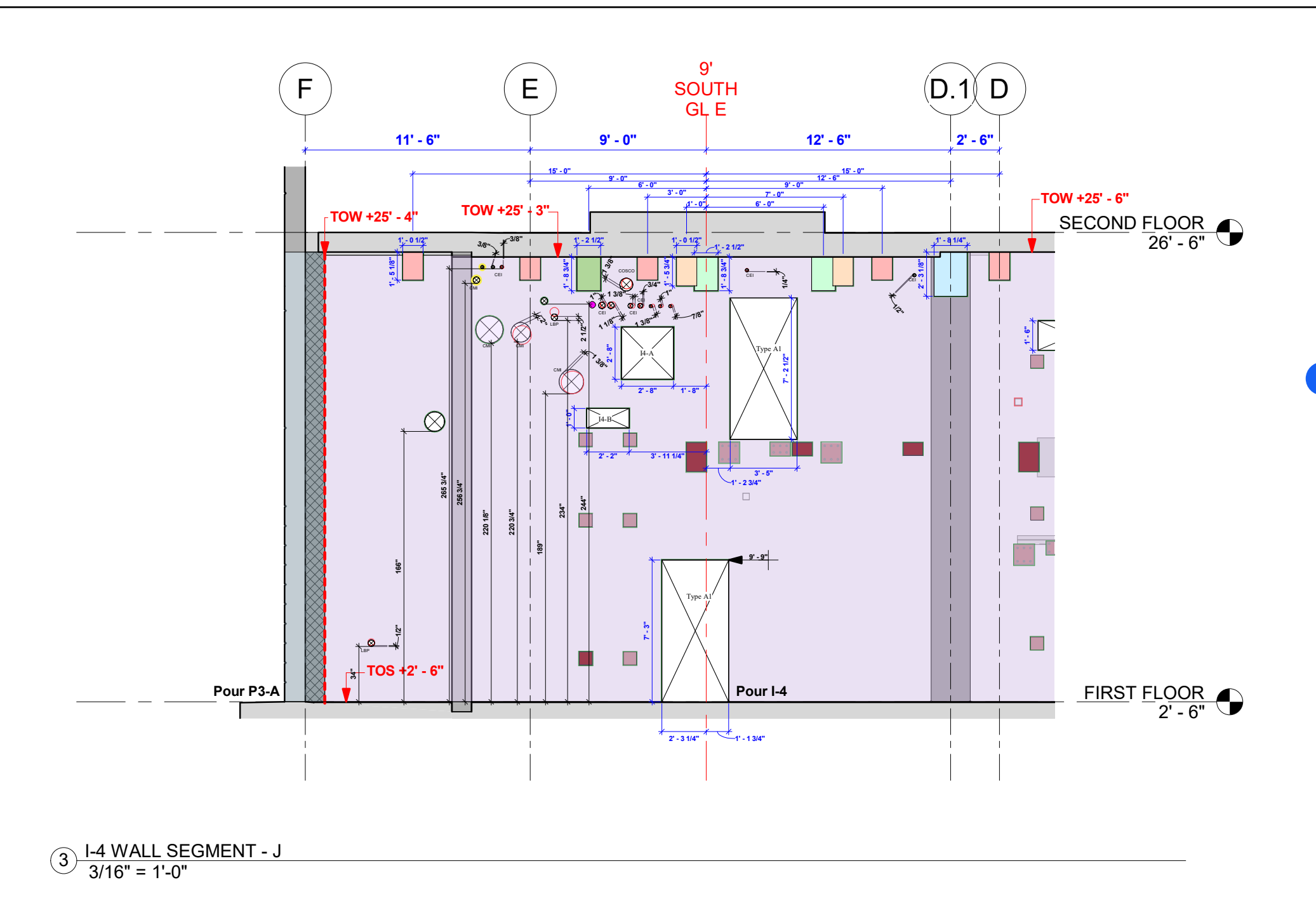
Can any other technology provide the same level of steady confidence in the outcome of on-site operations as BIM?



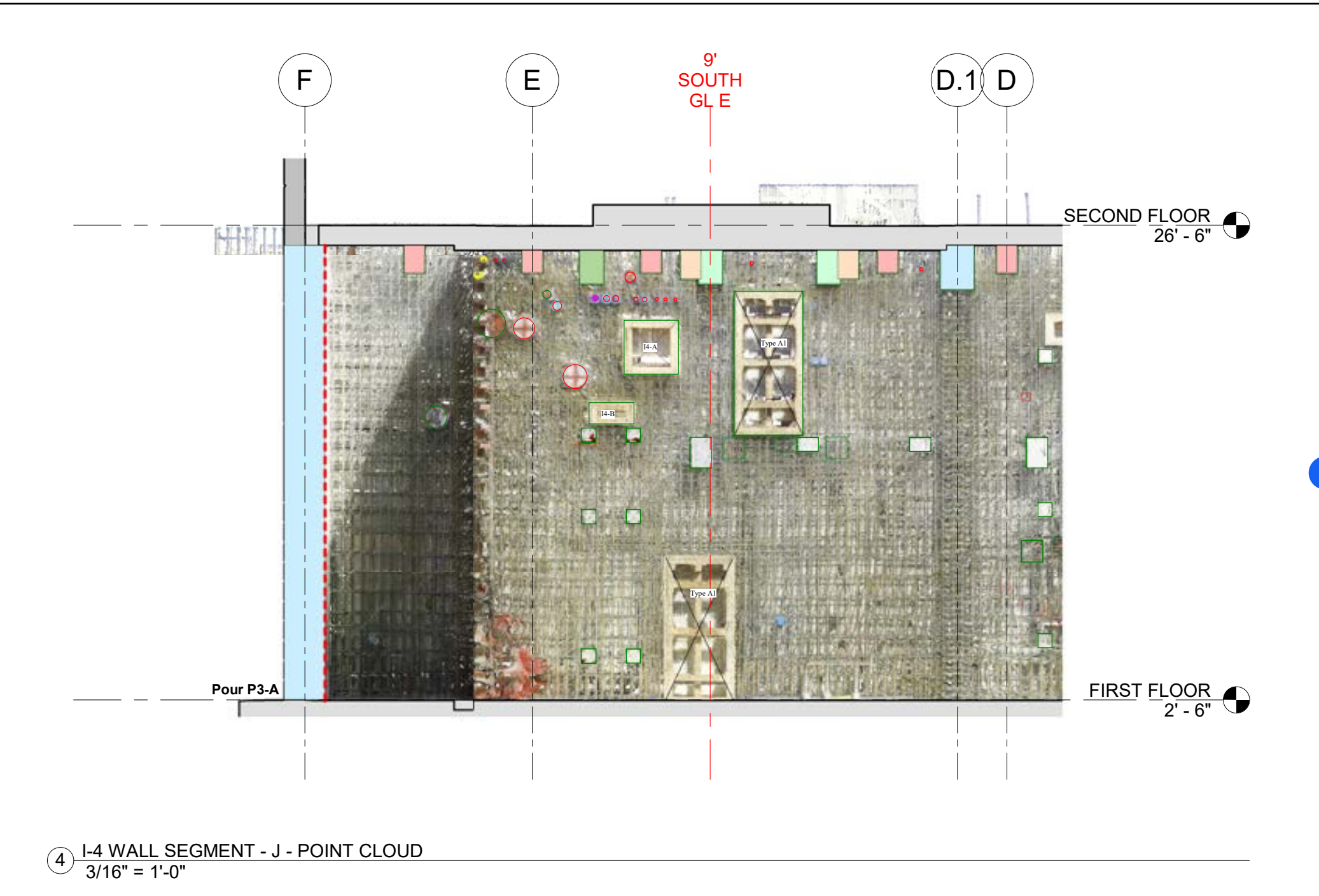
① Level 1 - Vertical Pour Plan
1/8" = 1'-0"

LEGEND:

- I-3 WALL SEGMENTS
- I-4 WALL SEGMENTS
- I-5 WALL SEGMENTS
- I-6 WALL SEGMENTS



③ I-4 WALL SEGMENT - J
3/16" = 1'-0"



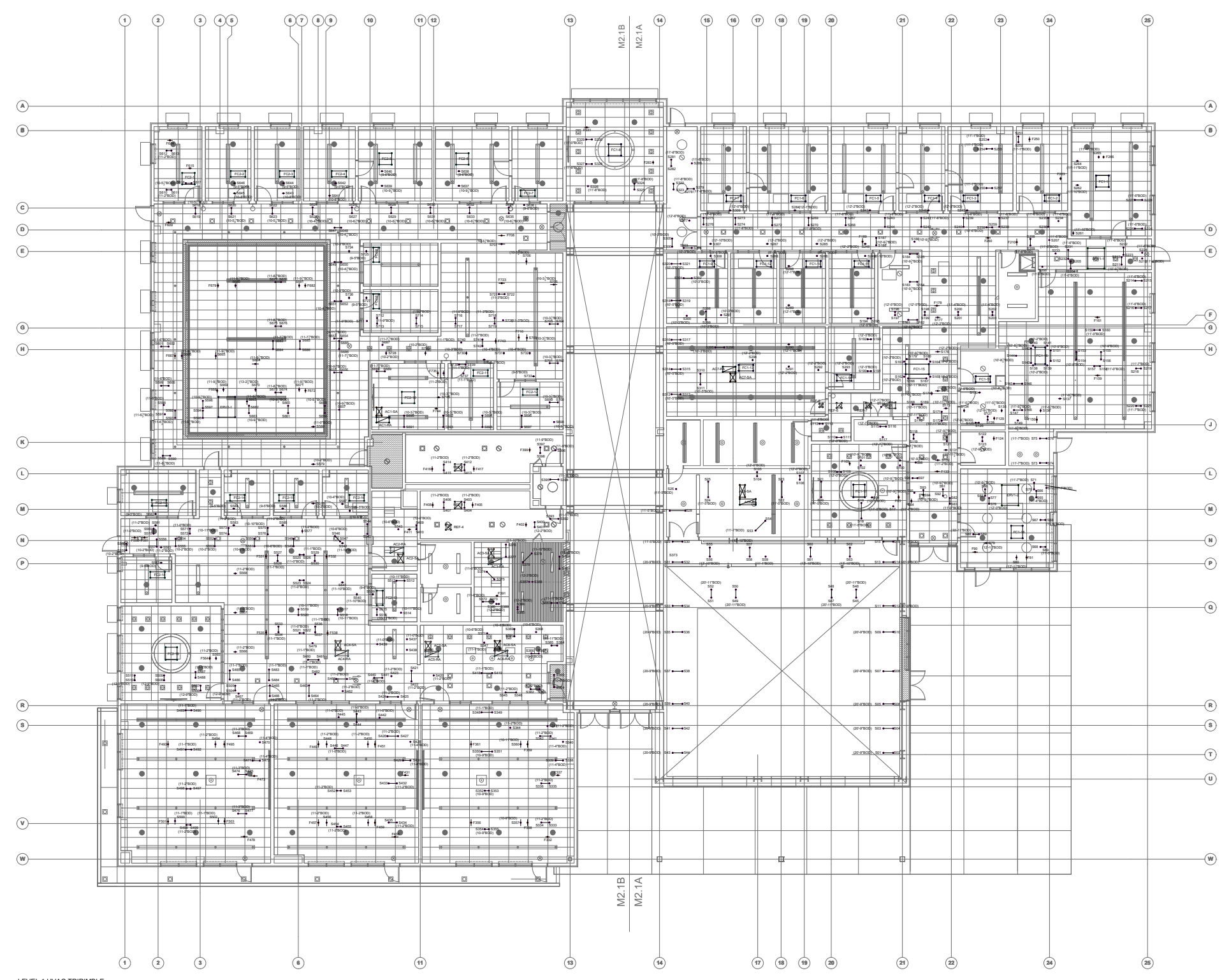
④ I-4 WALL SEGMENT - J - POINT CLOUD
3/16" = 1'-0"

Model
overlayed with
point cloud to
show visual
deviations

Dimensional
analysis of
modeled
location versus
actual installed
location

- LEGEND:
- Coordination model element
 - Embed/Opening/Sleeve deviates from coordinated location
 - Embed/Opening/Sleeve location acceptable
 - Embed/Opening/Sleeve is not installed
 - Embed/Opening/Sleeve is installed in the field, not present in coordination model
 - Embed/Inserts covered by formwork. Can not be verified

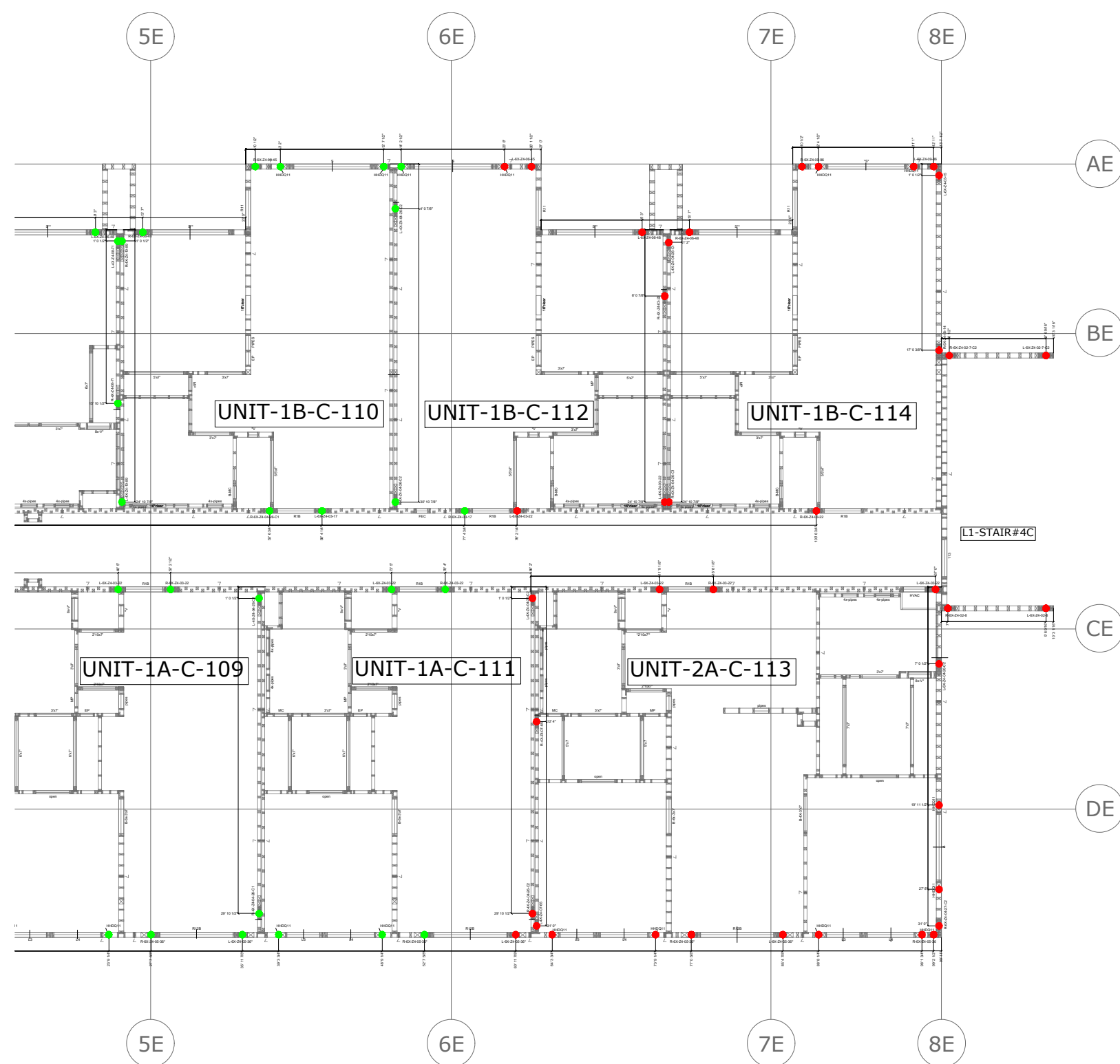
Construction Layout



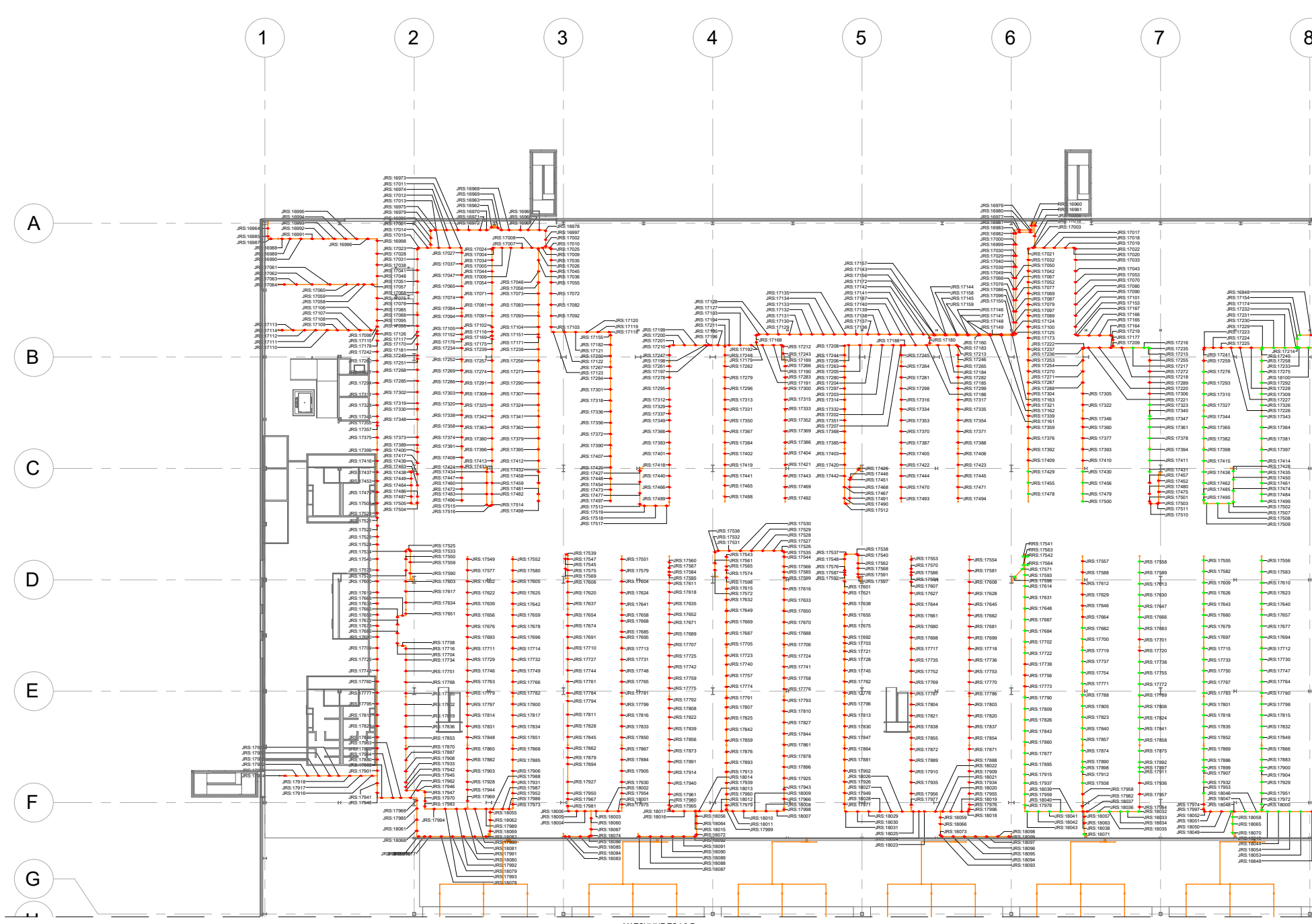
HVAC Trimble Point Layout



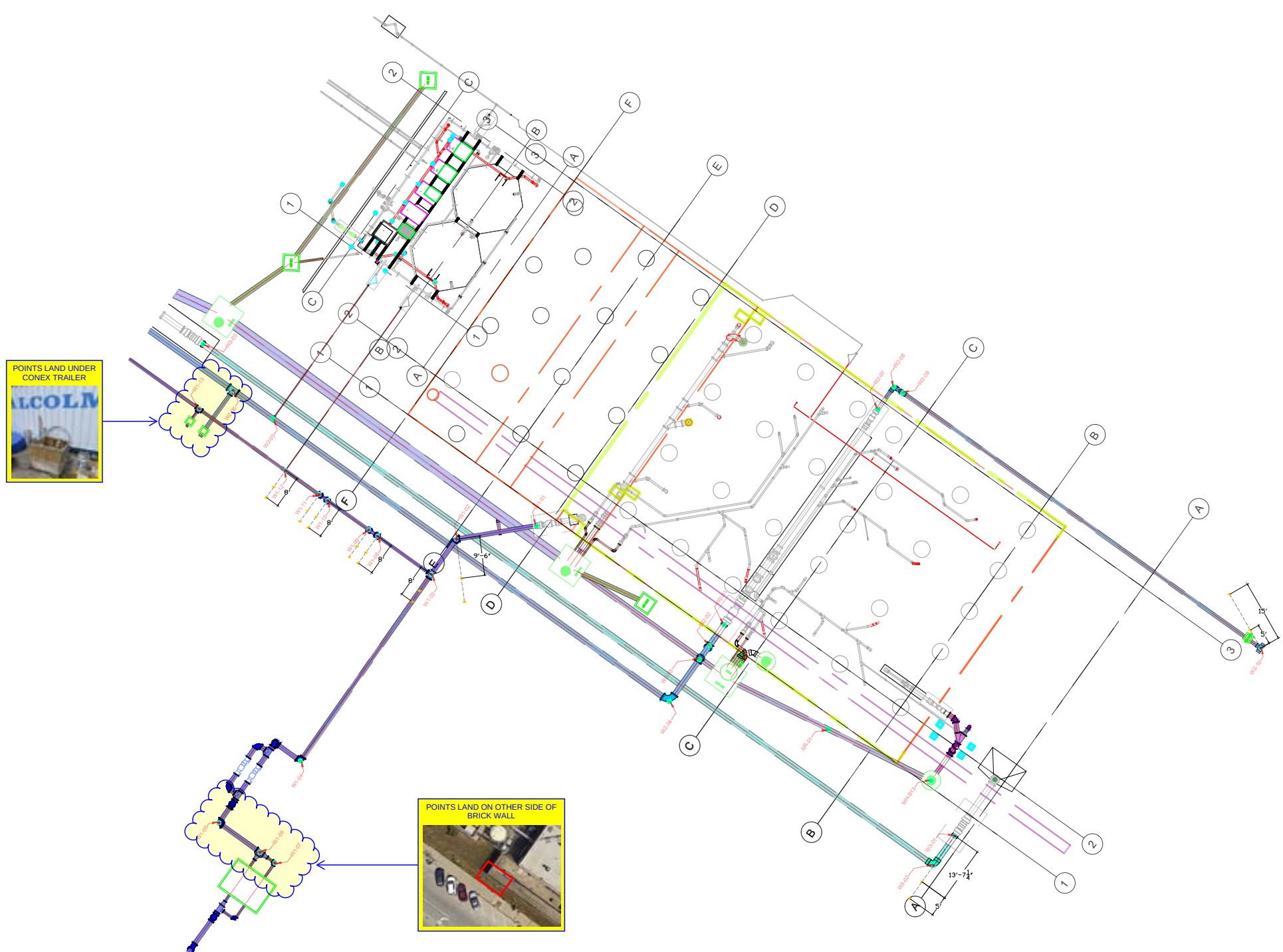
Have confidence that VEC will ensure what is modeled will be laid out in the field efficiently and accurately



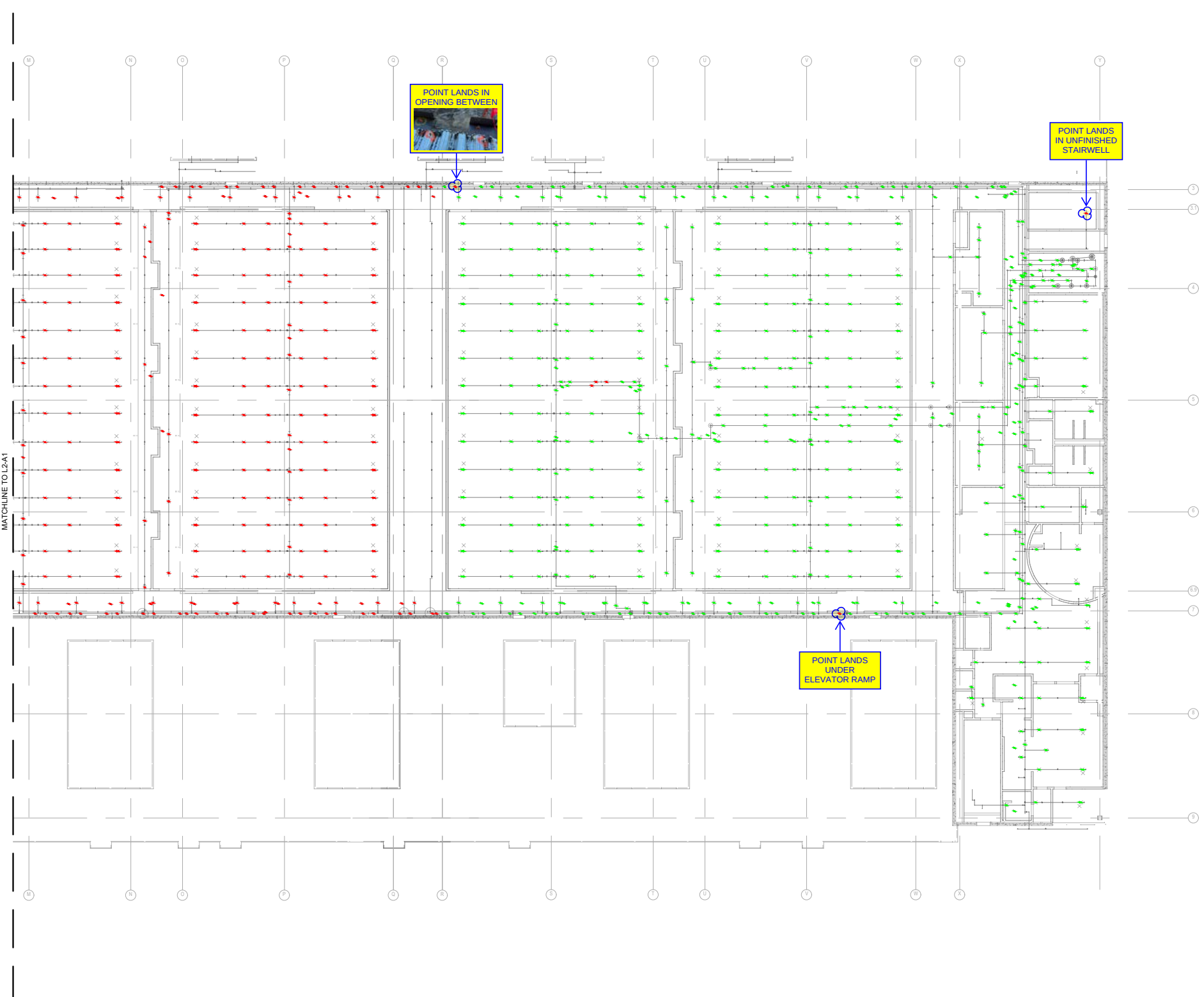
Framing Trimble Report



Electrical VESDA Trimble Report

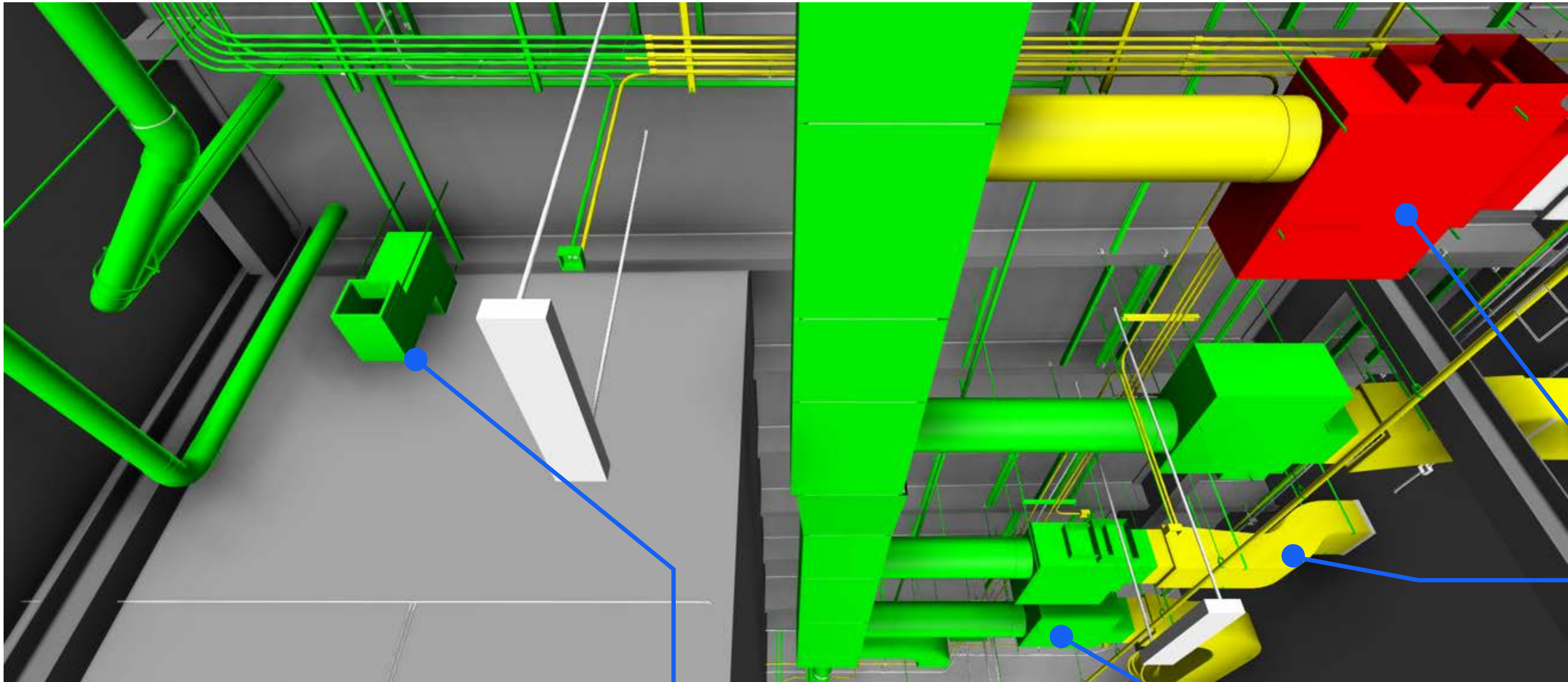


Plumbing Trimble Report



Fire Trimble Report

Construction Progress Documentation



Daily Construction Process Monitor And Constant End-to-End Progress Reporting

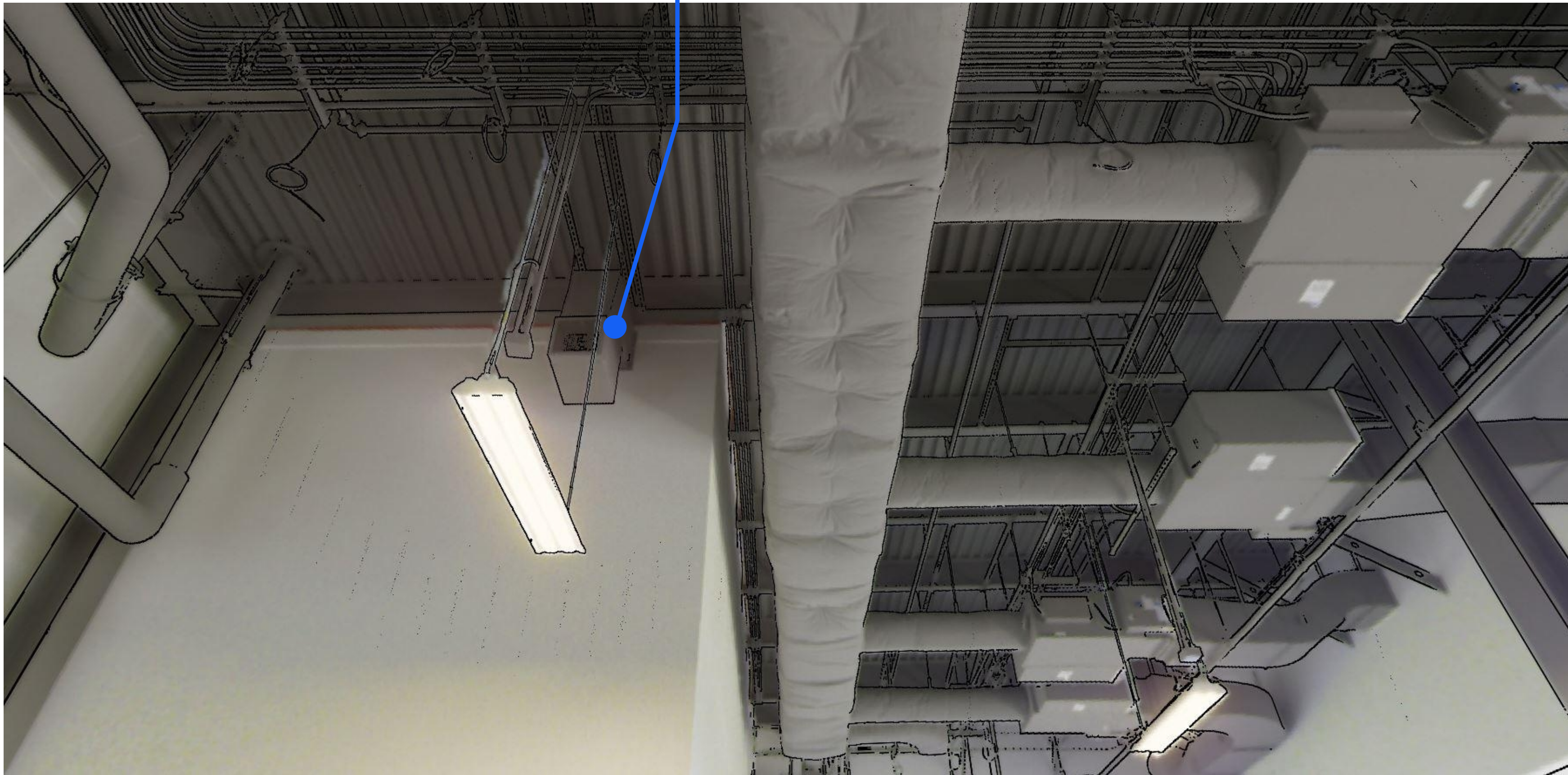
From deviations to logistics to safety concerns — everything is handled proactively and efficiently.

Issue with equipment

Material received on site

Installed

Quick identification of installation deviations

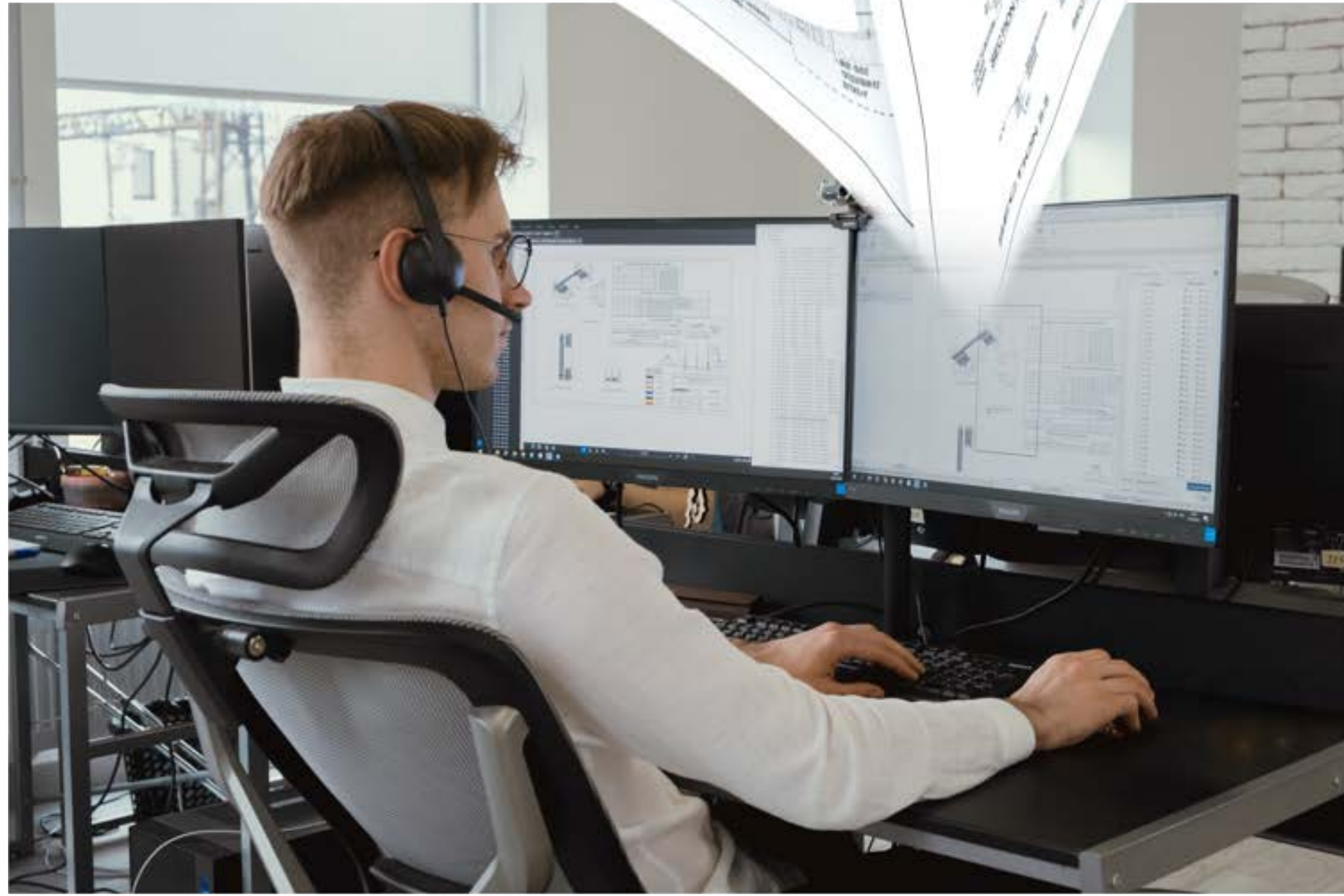
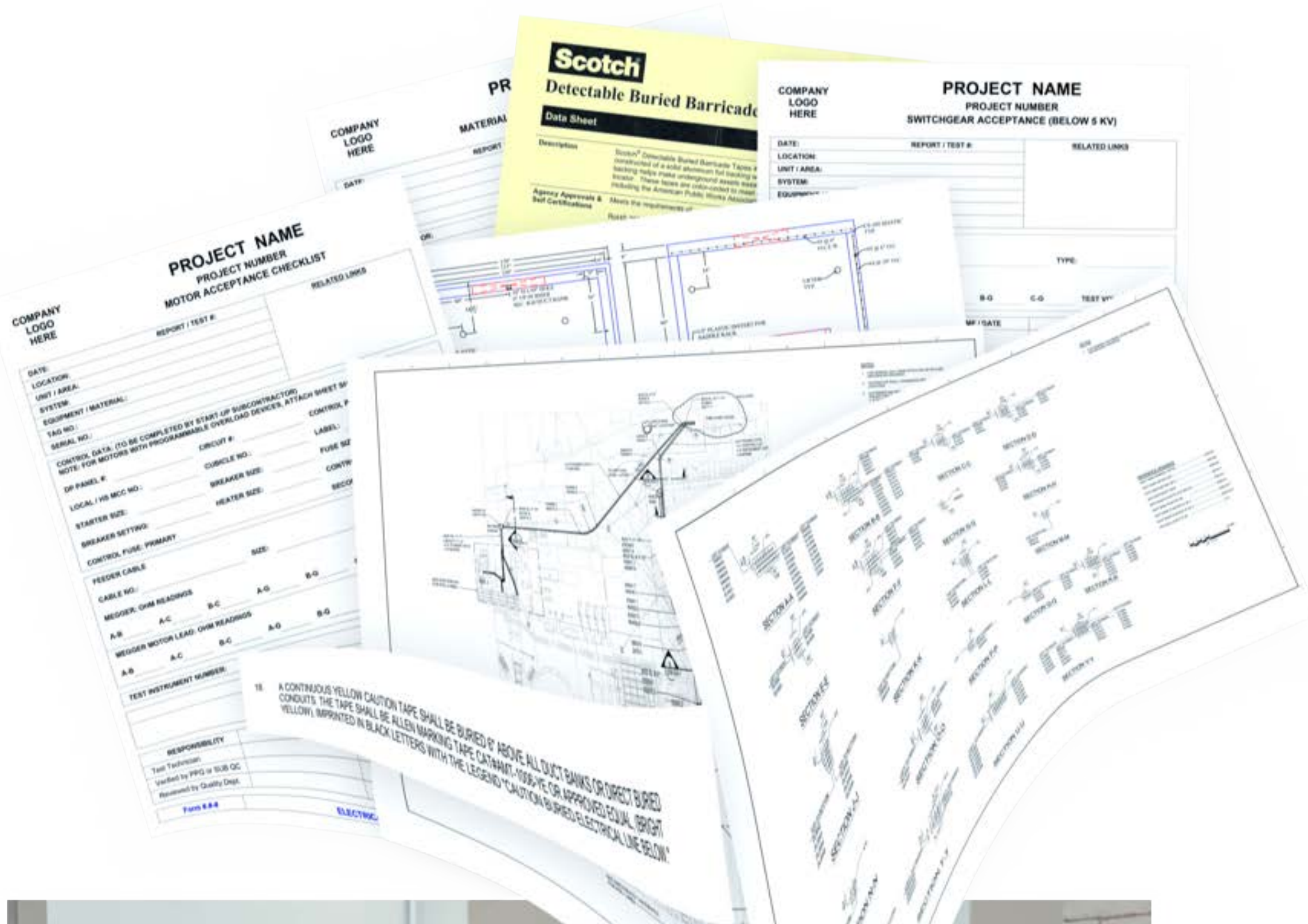
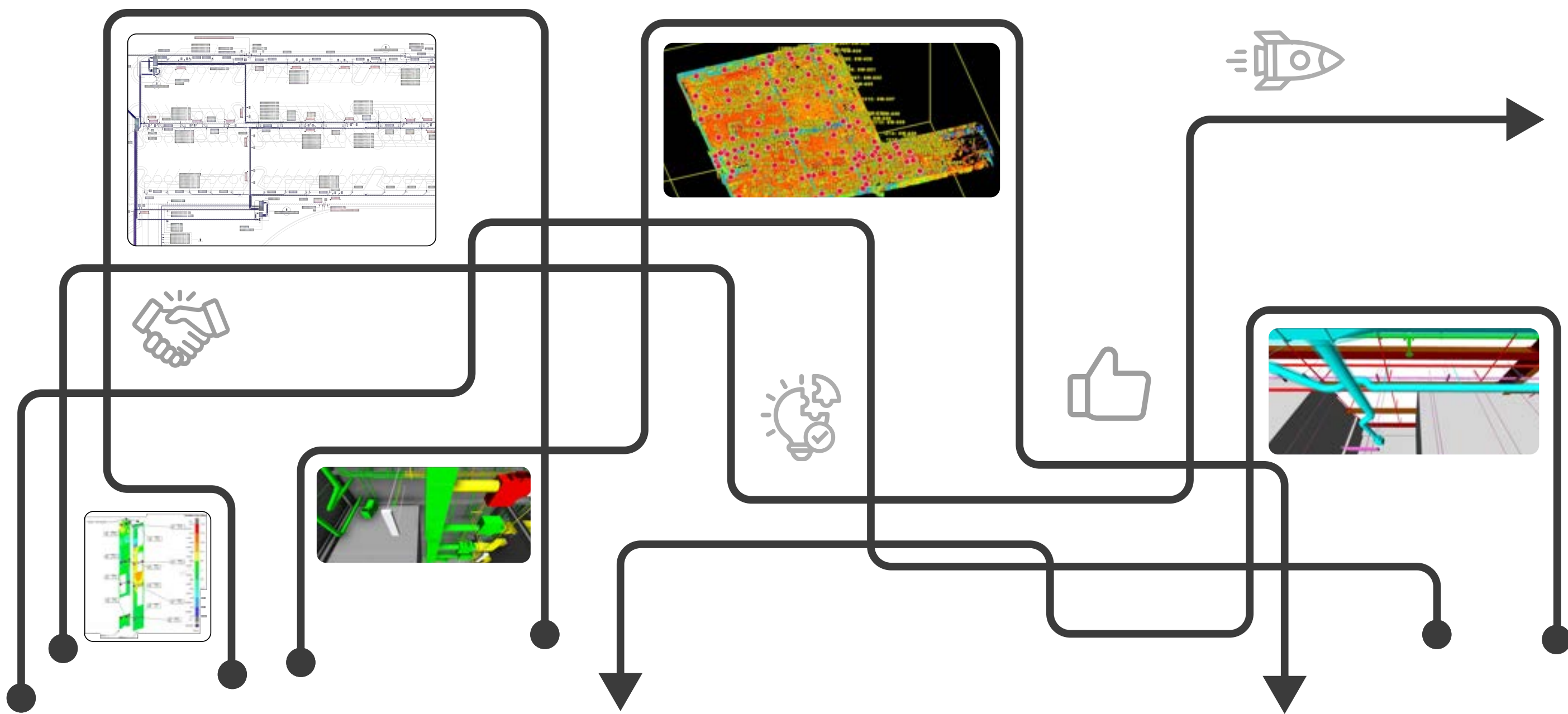


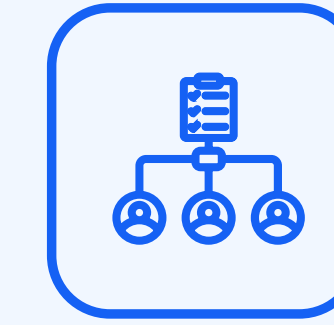
Centralized Data Management



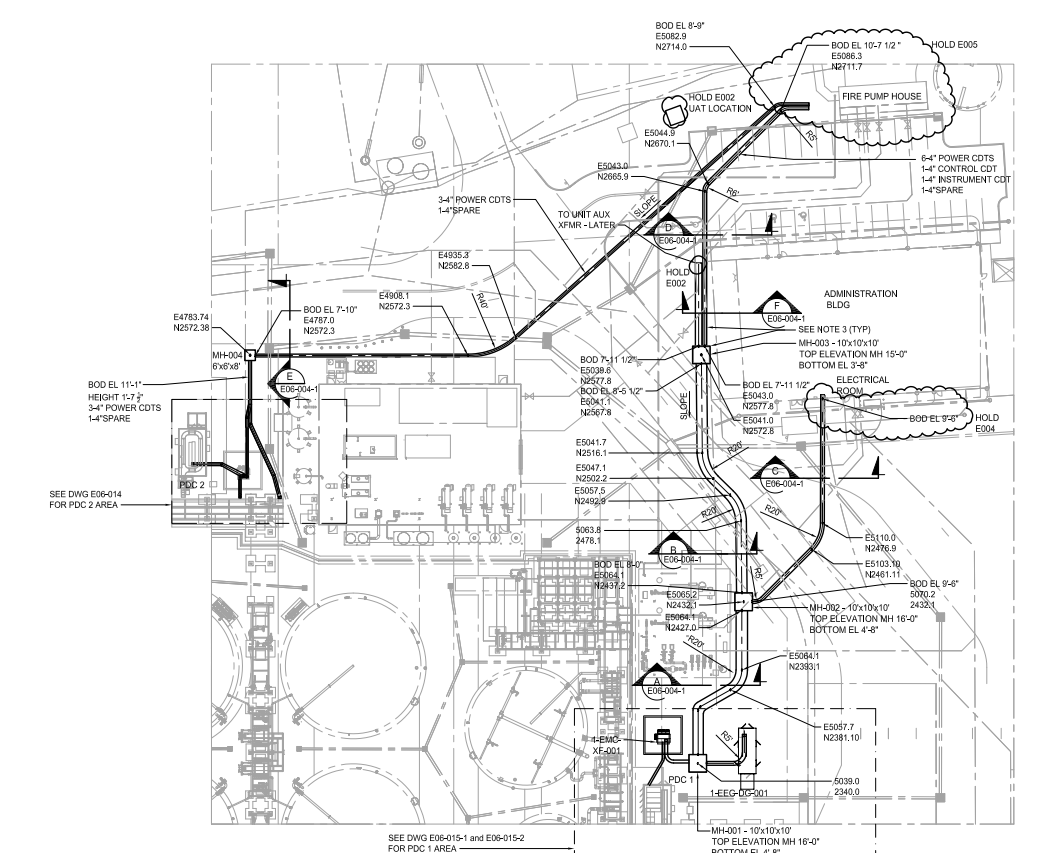
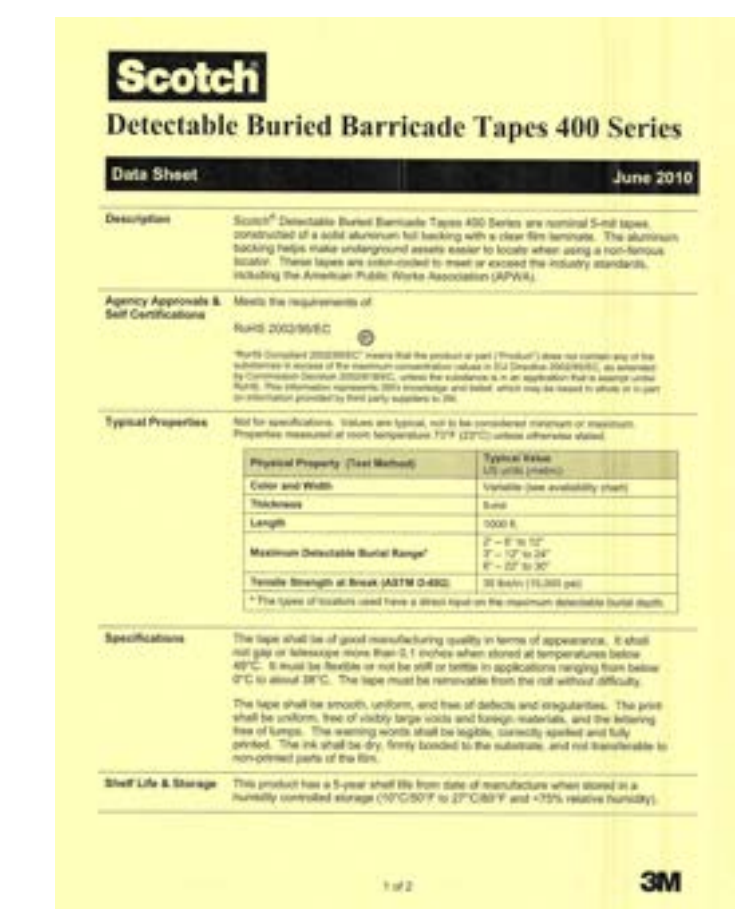
TURN CHAOS INTO ORDER

VEC consolidates all relevant information and communication into one centralized and easy to understand location.



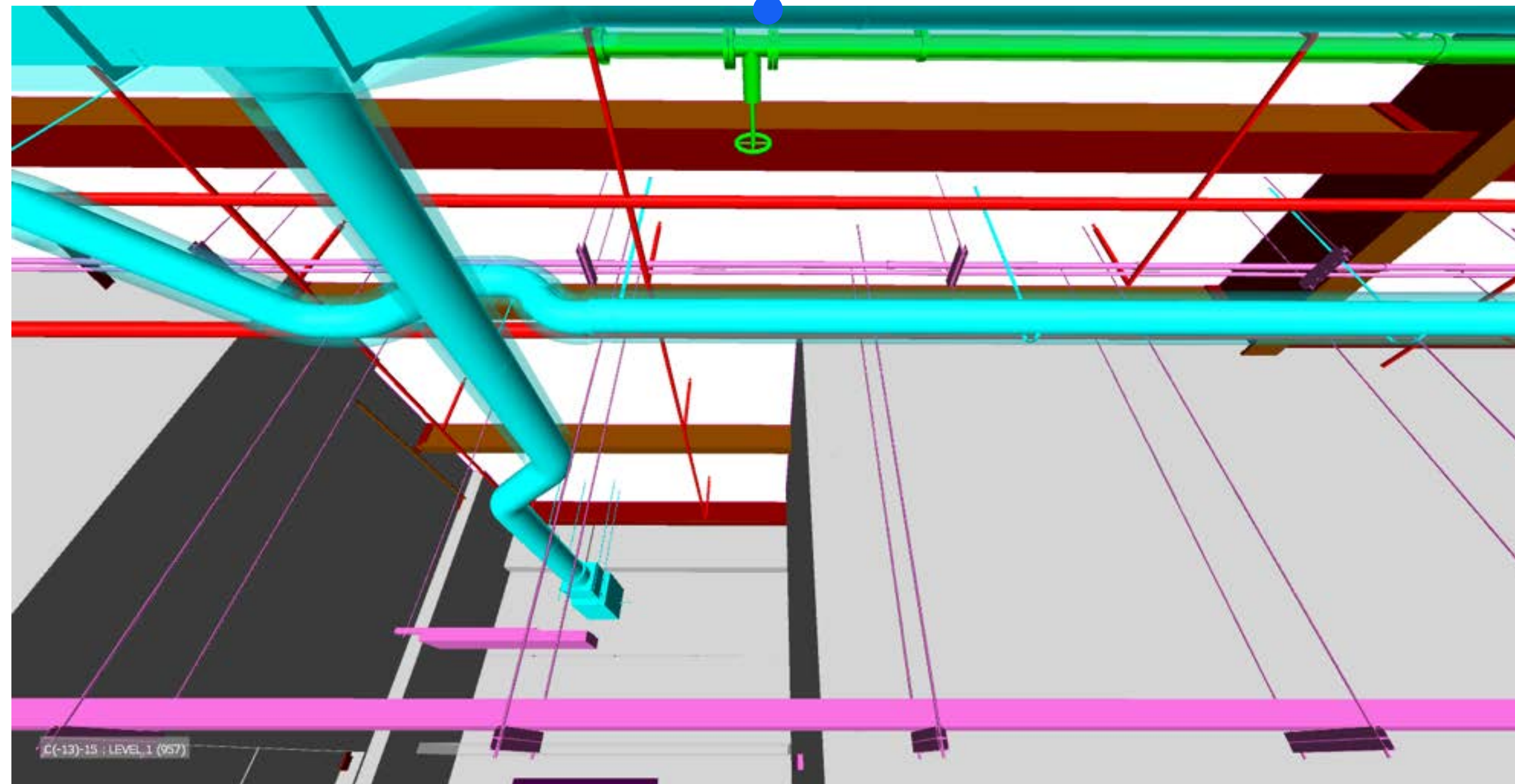


Quick access to important documents to ensure quality and compliance are met



-
- A yellow excavator is lifting a large, rectangular concrete block using blue slings. The block is being placed onto a flatbed trailer. A white truck is parked behind the trailer. The scene is outdoors on a muddy, wet ground with a cloudy sky in the background.

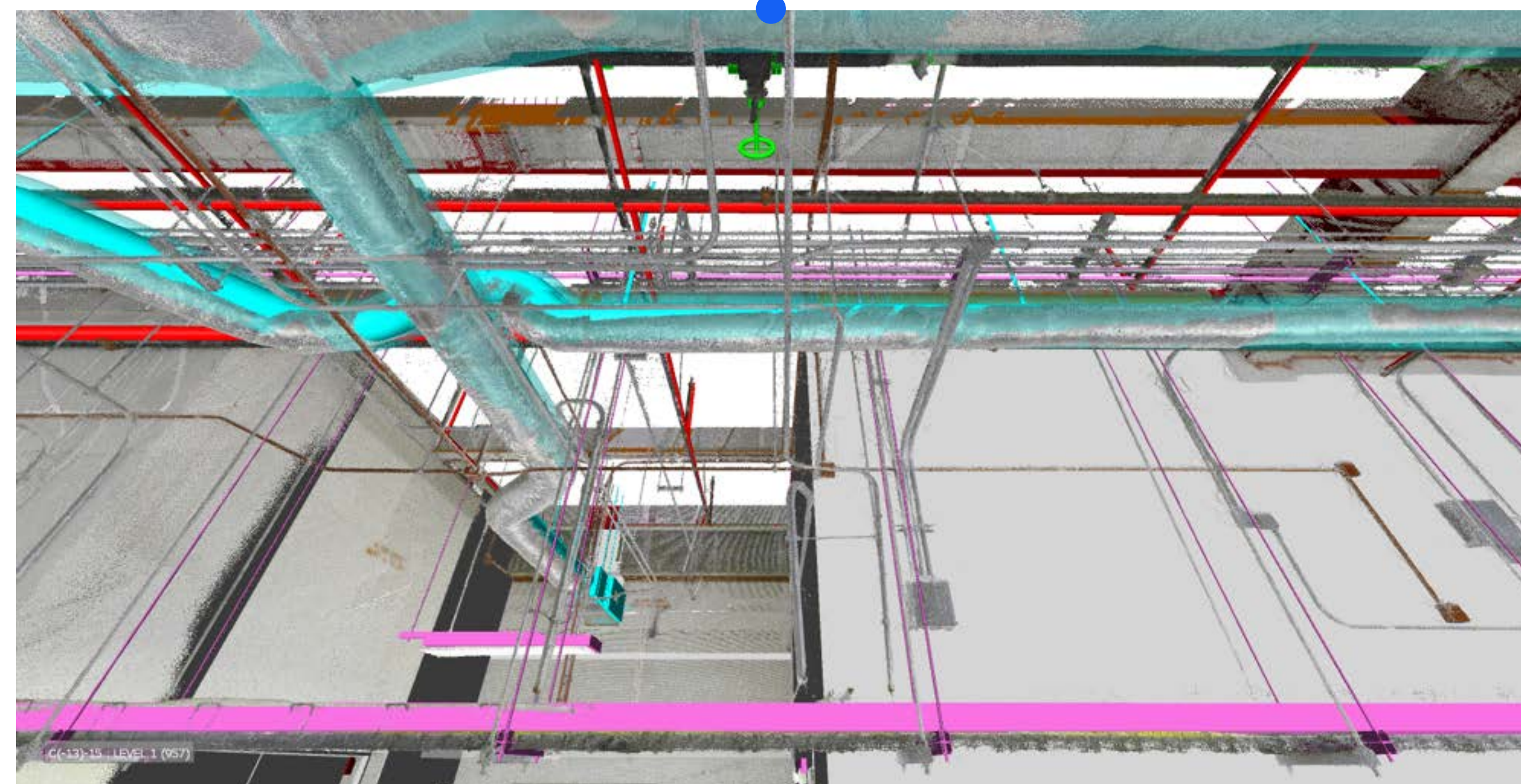
Existing Conditions Model



2D & 3D SYNERGY FOR
CONSTRUCTION PREDICTABILITY

Scan Data vs. 3D Model Comparison

Scan data helps visualize what is actually there vs. what is said to be there.

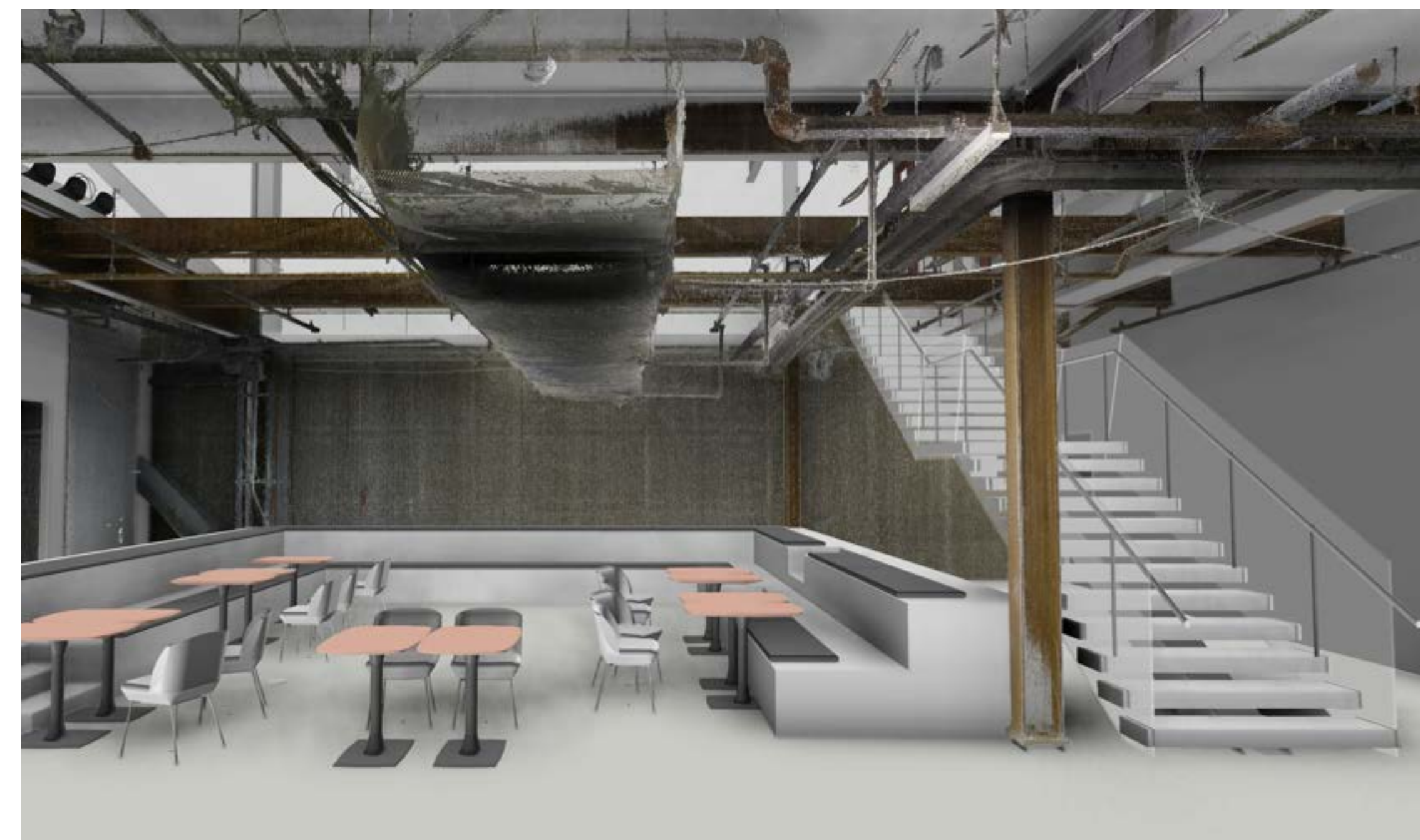


L2 OVERLOOK AND ADDITIONAL SEATING

INTERCONNECTING STAIR



RESTING LAYOUT FURNITURE



As-built revealing
the structural
adjustment required
to fulfill the design